Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 11—Seventh Year. VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, APRIL 26, 1890. No. 275

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS of To Let, Wanted, Etc., under these heads, four lines or under 25 cents for each insertion; and pro rata for more space or longer time.

WANTED—Boy to deliver parcels and make himself generally useful. Wages $15.00 per month. Apply X this office. ap26-1w

WANTED—By an industrious young man, a position as bartender. Do not use liquor. Will furnish references. Terms moderate. Address F. W. S., TIMES office. ap26-1w

WANTED—Daily employment by a respectable woman. Care of children or general work. Address L. M., TIMES office. ap24-2f

WANTED—A good tinsmith. Apply to A. Lewis & Co. 46 Yates St. ap24-2w

WANTED.—A good general servant girl. Apply 87 Chatham street. ap23f

WANTED—A boy about 15 to 15 years of age to do light farm work, apply at 36 Douglas street. ap22-4w

WANTED—Employment by young man accustomed to farm and dairy work. Best of references as to character. Terms reasonable. Apply to W. H. Scott, 8 Pioneer street. ap22-1w

WANTED—Young Scotchman (age 24) of good address and education desires employment.
Address, R. K. F. TIMES office. ap22-1w

WANTED—Situation by a young lady. First class short hand, type writer and bookkeeper. Apply C. W. R. TIMES office. ap22-1w

WANTED—To buy an appropriation loan in the Building Society at once. Address price and full particulars to T. W., TIMES office. ap21-1w

WANTED—Advertiser wants to exchange three well situated lots at Vancouver, (East End) value $850, for a good building lot in Victoria. Address P.O. 674, Victoria. af21-1w

WANTED—A tinsmith with capital as partner in a well established stove business. Apply A. O., TIMES office. ap21f

WANTED—A girl or middle aged woman to do light house work. Two children in family grown up and going to school. The bulk of washing given out. Apply at No. 120 corner of Herald and Blanchard streets between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock p. m. ap12-1m

WANTED—Immediately, two first class coat makers. None but first class men need apply. A. Gregg & Son, Yates St. ap9-tf

WANTED—A strong boy to carry parcels and make himself generally useful. Apply at the White House. ap8-tf

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE ENEBGETIC young man, with thorough business tact, to solicit family tea trade. One experienced preferred. Apply to Victoria Tea Company, corner Douglas and Yates streets. Apr 17-tf

TO LET.

TO LET—Several large rooms. Apply 109 Government street. ap24-tf

TO LET.—After July 1st, the handsome residence Maplehurst, 153 Blanchard street, unfurnished. Apply C. W. Rhodes. ap18-tf

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS can be had at Miss McLandish' private hotel, 62 Superior street, James Bay. ap12-tf

TO LET—New four roomed house to let and furniture for sale. Furniture in use only four months. Iris Fenton, No. 2 Churchway. 3f

TO RENT—Furnished or unfurnished rooms to rent; 5 minutes walk from Post Office; healthy location. For particulars apply to No. 6 Humboldt street, city. ta16-tf

TO LET—A FURNISHED ROOM, NO. 37 Douglas street, corner Kane. Apr 17

BOARD.

PRIVATE BOARD at corner Pandora and Quadra street. Board by the meal, day or week. MRS. CHOWTHER. ap22-1m

REWARD.

$100 REWARD WILL BE GIVEN FOR the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who used horse and buggy without permission on night of 20th inst., or for any information which will lead to their conviction.
MRS. M. C. HEATHORN.
Victoria, April 22, 1890. ap22-1w

SOCIETIES.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE, No. 2, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jy9 R. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 126, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street, sojourning companions cordially invited. W. J. QUINLAN,
jy7-tf Scribe E.

DOMINION LODGE, No. 4, I. O. O. F., meets at the hall, Douglas street, every Thursday evening. Thursday, 24th, Third Degree.
JAMES AULD, N.G.
de3

BAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P. Regular convention every Friday evening at Forestery Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend.
R. J. PLUMMER,
oct9 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
J. M. MURDOCH, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET,
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and Retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

JOHN J. AUSTIN,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street, Victoria. P.O. Box 30.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND FITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Timnsiths. Dealers in Stoves of all descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Range so supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 136.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY,
Established 1797. Amount insured $36,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent.
Broughton street, Victoria, B. C. ian5-1y

ARCHITECTS.

P. R. DONOVAN,
ARCHITECT,
Office, Craft & Norris Block, Douglas street. Plans and specifications furnished on the shortest notice. ap22f

CORNELIUS J. SOULE,
ARCHITECT.
Member Ontario Association of Architects. Offices, Government street, next to Geo. H. Maynard's. feb27-1m

BEFORE BUILDING, CALL ON
T. R. MORGATE,
Architect and Mechanical Engineer. Drawings for Patent Office. Office, Moody's Block, 32 Yates street, Victoria, B. C. jn26f

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20f

BANKERS.

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO.
BANKERS,
Government street, Victoria, B.C. Deposits received in gold, silver and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits. Gold dust and U. S. currency purchased at highest market rates. Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers to San Francisco, New York and Canada. Exchange on London, available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland. Letters of Credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe. Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

PHYSICIANS.

HOMŒPATHIC REMOVAL.
DR. J. HALL
Will leave his rooms on Pandora street on Monday, December 2nd, for the new brick block corner of Yates and Douglas streets, where he may be consulted at the usual hours, from 1 to 4 p.m., excepting Sundays and holidays. nov27

J. K. GARROW, M. D.
(Lately attending Guy's Hospital, London, and Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh.) Specialties: Diseases of Women and Children and Chronic Diseases. Office and residence, corner of Douglas and Pandora streets, directly opposite City Hall. Office hours:—9 to 11 a.m., 1 to 3, and 7 to 8:30 p.m. Calls in city or country promptly attended to. nov9-3m

CIVIL ENGINEERS, Etc.

C. W. BUSK,
Assoc. M. Inst. C.E., M. Can. Soc. C.E.
MINING AND GENERAL SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER.
Plans and estimates furnished, reports prepared, works undertaken, and contracts superintended for all kinds of Engineering or Surveying work in the south part of the West Kootenay District.
Address: P.O. Box 346, Victoria, B.C., or Nelson, Kootenay Lake, B. C. jm29

G. HARGREAVES,
CIVIL ENGINEER, LAND SURVEYOR AND ARCHITECT.
Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings. S. E. corner of Government and Fort streets, upstairs, Victoria, B. C.

GAY & DEVEREUX,
CIVIL ENGINEERS
And Railway, Land and Mine Surveyors. Plans, specifications and estimates of structures and excavations prepared for contractors. Surveys taken by contract in all parts of the province and Washington. Timber limits located. Office—Room "C," White House (upstairs), Government street. P.O. Box 338. Branch office in Seattle. feb7-6m

WORLDS UNDER THE SEA.

How the Earth Recuperates by Being Submerged Under Water.

A writer in the Oregonian discussing cities under the sea, offers the following unique explanation of it. The key to his theory for the destruction of cities and continents is the great principle of breathing. The ultimate of all structures is the minute cell. The atomic theory of the modern scientist involves the fact that atoms are cells. It is also a common fact that all cells must and do expand and contract. This is called breathing. It is rational to conclude that wherever there are cells there is breathing. In the vegetable and animal kingdom there is breathing without question. If the law of analogy is of any value in one instance, why not apply it in other instances? To make said application is rational and logical. Therefore, if the animal and vegetable kingdoms breathe because of cellular construction it is not far fetched to assume that the air, oceans and mineral domains breathe because of similar construction.

He does not hold that they breathe at the same intervals as do the so called living domains, but in accordance with degree of development. The ocean breathes at certain intervals, which is one factor operating to produce the tides and ocean currents. Of course this breathing is not the only force operating to produce the tides. The ocean breathes about twice in twenty-four hours. The great earth breathes also. It is very firm and solid hence it must breathe less frequently. The earth breathes once in 24,000 years. The cause of this breathing in all domains is the heaping up of force which is the result of the great chemic action going on in the cells out of which all things are constructed. When the earth breathes there is a great upheaval and the earth beneath the ocean is thrown up above the waters, while the land above the waters is placed beneath the waters.

Thus it is that continents and cities are cast beneath the great oceans for recuperation. This is called the birth and death of continents. Hence the conclusion is at hand that there are buried at the bottom of the oceans not only a city, but thousands of them. Prophetically speaking, there will be another breathing in 6000 years. This continent-making has been one of the processes and purposes of the ages. At the end of 6000 years from now the lands above the oceans will go down and the great beds of all the oceans will be thrown up for the then dwelling place of the living kingdoms at that time. At some future time in the existence of the race they will discover the ruins of some of the cities of earth now. So on and on through the cycles that come and go will this great law of breathing be the method by which, not only the organic, but the inorganic world will have its perpetuity and recuperation.

Temperance Revival.

A movement is being inaugurated in Ireland by the Roman Catholic bishops for a national temperance revival on the Father Matthew centenary. In its present, future and ultimate effects, says the Montreal Star, this is a far greater reform than anything contemplated by any of the leagues that have arisen in Ireland for many years. "Make the people sober," said Father Matthew, "and you will make them free." The new movement takes the Catholic parish church system as its basis and teetotalism is now added to the principles on which this national organization proposes to carry on its work. No doubt great success will attend the movement, for the people have learned to trust their leaders and as drink is the cause of much of the crime in Ireland as elsewhere, it is thought that to put down drunkenness is the best way that can be taken to prove to the English people that the Irish are not criminals deserving to be governed by coercion. The movement shows great political sagacity, as well as moral earnestness.

Merchants Luncheon.

From 11:30 until 2 o'clock and Lowenbrau at the Bank Exchange. *

VICTORIA DISTRICT.

TO THE EDITOR:—Sometimes the Colonist assumes a new role and tries to be funny. Such efforts always remind me of a hog before a storm. This animal takes a wisp of straw in its mouth, cuts capers, and assumes such queer antics as to be really comical. Not long since the aforementioned paper told its readers that it was very probable no one read the TIMES' articles, unless professionals, like themselves. Some of us felt quite elated over this information. So many of us professionals and did not know it. For I can assure the Colonist a great many in this district read the TIMES' articles, and more than that, we do our best to digest them. The mail comes once a week with the papers. Oftimes we are a little ravenous for newspaper food. On these occasions we fill up the hollows with the Colonist, being assured the contents will lay as dormant as stale bread. Then we partake of the TIMES. The latter is our plum-pudding, champagne and dessert. Sometimes we are a trifle delicate and nice in our appetites. Then we read the TIMES alone and put the Colonist away for future consideration. By this I don't mean to disparage the Colonist in the least; but the TIMES, like the refreshment room, is most appetizing.

Later on, we are told the Government has most of the ability on its side. If that is so, it is very partially distributed, and, like our fall wheat, in patches. The Government clique here represent the barren patches to a nicety, but the source in the two cases is not analagous. The one is heaved up by the first, the other is barren through sterility of the soil. It would not have been so universally known if the little caucus had held their hush, but their mouthpiece has proclaimed it through the columns of the press. The exhibit must be flattering to the Government. In order to forward the interest of the latter and dictate to the settlers how they should comport themselves, they have done some foolish things, and when admonished of their silly conduct, instead of acknowledging their error, they fumed and fretted themselves into a boiling rage, and the scum has been indiscriminately (in attempts to defend indefensible acts) scattered broadcast through the press. In his impotency, Mr. Brethour has so far forgotten himself as to begin throwing mud in the form of a foul insinuation besides prizes (how much otherwise). Fie Henry! The rest of the effusion is harmless and simply an ebullition of temper. J. D. Bryant may have been treasurer or secretary, but not to my knowledge. At the annual meetings of the society the receipts and disbursements are overhauled. If there is anything wrong the members are at liberty to question it and it is their duty to do so or ever after hold their peace.

Mr. Bryant may have his failings—there are none perfect—but his integrity stands pre-eminent. It may be a mistake in print, or H. Brethour's knowledge of the English language is so imperfect as to not fully comprehend the import of that insinuation, therefore in penning these remarks I am lenient and as forbearing as possible. I touch upon this business again with reluctance. J. D. Bryant's lips are sealed by his promise. I am responsible for this little agitation. H. Brethour should have confined himself to me and left J. D. B. alone, as the latter had not interfered in any way.

FARMER.

[The above was inadvertently held over for a week.—ED.]

The trust business is stiffening up somewhat. A starch trust, numbering nineteen firms, was organized in New York on the 12th inst. with a capital of $10,000,000. Fortunately white petticoats are out of fashion, and flannel skirts, with a French name, have come in, so that the public is reasonably well prepared to economize on starch.

Experiments have been recently carried on at Toulon with a view of determining to what extent accuracy of aim could be attained at night with the use of an electric light. A gun was mounted on a revolving platform, which also carried an electric projector. The target was fixed at a distance of between three and four kilometers and it was found that the same accuracy could be obtained under these conditions as during daylight.

The Prince of Wales some years ago declined to attend a luncheon following the opening of a Town Hall at Halifax because the local "bigwigs" had determined that the newspaper men should dine apart, in another hotel; and once Disraeli, when touring in Buckinghamshire, shut himself up in his room on learning of a similar resolve, and sent word to his hosts that he would remain there until the journalists were accorded a place at his table.

The new White Star steamer Majestic, which has just made the fastest maiden trip across the Atlantic on record, is another addition to the British auxiliary cruisers. Like her sister ship the Teutonic, she is built to carry a battery of six-inch rapid fire guns. With each one of these six shots can be fired in a minute, the projectile weighing no less than one hundred pounds. It can easily be seen, then, that such fleet vessels as the Majestic and the Teutonic, thus armed, constitute a most important addition to the strength of the British navy.

Two newspaper men are to be admitted to the Kemmler execution, one from the United Press and one from the Associated Press. They are to be sworn as jurors. This arrangement presents an interesting situation. As newspaper men, expressly chosen on that account, they will feel bound to give the press a detailed account of the execution. But as jurors, sworn under and to the law, they will not be at liberty to furnish the newspapers with a single line of description about the execution proper. The exclusion of the press reporters from this the first execution by the electrical method will be an outrage on society at large. Its evident design is to cloak possible bungling.

STANLEY IN ENGLAND.

EXPOSURE OF A GREAT RAILWAY SCHEME.

Patti Sails From America Never to Return Again, so She Says—Eight Thousand Siberian Exiles to be Released—Stanley in England—Other News Notes.

NEW YORK, April 26.—Inquiries have been received in Wall street this week from investors in Europe about the alleged great railroad undertaking known as "Government's Guaranteed Railway and General Syndicate (Limited)," which appeals to Londoners to subscribe money to build lines of transportation in this country and Canada. The syndicate declares it exists to place the remainder of the bonds of "important railways, known as the Nova Scotia, Grand Trunk Railway of Canada, Calgary and Alberta and Montana Railways. The syndicate has for its chairman Sir Howard Elphinstone, and that gentleman has sent a communication to the public. It declares "The demand for shares being already great, only the applications from those receiving this letter will be considered. Should you send in an application I shall endeavor to secure you an allotment." The syndicate, it sets forth, was formerly called the "Railway Syndicate," but after paying dividends of two and four per cent. a year, it decided to change its name, but for what reason is not stated. Two railways whose bonds it is proposed to float, exist so far only on paper, and they are very far apart. The Nova Scotia system is to run north and south from Halifax, with a westerly branch connecting with Quebec. To show the great things to be brought about by this road, the syndicate propose to build 25 miles of it as a sample and then take a rest. This whole scheme is said to be a revival of the Stewaicke Valley and Landsdowne Railway, which received a financial black eye some time ago. It made its debut then under the protection of the "Trustees, Executors and Securities Insurance Corporation (Limited)," but it failed to float its paper. The present attempt is to raise $2,500,000 on 6 per cent. bonds. The Calgary, Alberta & Montana Railroad is to form a communication between the C. P. R. and Montana. It is one of the first lines which will connect Alberta with that State in this part of Canada. The projectors evidently believe that Montana is part of the Dominion. The circular proceeds as follows: "A fertile, agricultural and ranching country will for the first time be opened up. The route lies among numerous coal and iron mines and petroleum wells south of the C. P. R.'s colonization estate at Queenstown, and will be 300 miles long, costing about $6,000,000 to construct." To inquiries in Wall street as to the standing of these two railways the reply is that they are unknown and that very little American money will be put in them for the present. The wonderful part of it is that the capital of the syndicate to do all these remarkable things, placing the bonds and building the roads, is limited to $500,000.

Such Foolishness.

ST. LOUIS, April 26—On Monday, April the 28th., at Carondelet at 4 o'clock p. m. a great storm will commence which will rage over the Mississippi valley and wash away houses and destroy hundreds of lives. At least, so says a prediction received this morning by the Chief of Police. The letter is a long one. It comes from Henry Ills, and is signed Mrs. C. Cavendish; Her letter also imparts the information that she is soon to marry a young man, Mr. Miller, of California, who is a fine young gentleman with dark complexion, black eyes and worth $1,000,000.

LABOR'S MAY DAY.

The Kaiser Will Not Interfere With the Demonstration—No Brewers, no Beer.

BERLIN, April 26.—The Kaiser, while he disapproves of the proposed manifestations on May Day, does not think it advisable to interfere in any way. He thinks it wise to let the demonstration take place and let the outcome be his guide of action for the future, no special measure will be taken to preserve order.

One of the Socialist leaders said today: "In Berlin, at any rate, the manifestations will not take the character of a procession as a means of expressing opinion, these being abhorred by Germans and especially so to the Prussian mind. There would be a great many open air meetings and speakers at them have already been designated. They do not include any famous Socialist leaders."

Count Waldersee said that he believed in allowing the workmen their own will in the matter of a demonstration on May Day. "There is, however, a humorous side to the matter," added the count. "If all the workingmen turn out the brewery employees must turn out, too, and if there are no brewery men there can be no beer, and without beer where is the enthusiasm to come from."

KEMP WINS.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., April 25.—Peter Kemp to-day defeated Neil Matterson in a sculling race for the championship of the world. The race was contested on the Paramatta river.

The Ottawa Election.

OTTAWA, April 26.—The contest for the Dominion seat is lively here to-day. All kinds of betting is going on, although, naturally, Mackintosh, the Government candidate, is favored. The Evening Journal, which is supporting Hay, of the Equal Rights party, issued an extra this morning.

Elocution and the culture of the voice. Frederic Addcriey, Professor of Elocution (prize medallist, 1882) gives lessons in the above. Amateurs coached. For terms address 115 Government St. *

RUSSIAN REFORMS.

The Czar Will Inaugurate a New Policy of Reform.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 26.—It is announced to-day that the Czar, driven to desperation by the daily discovery of new plots against his life, in which even members of the nobility and officers of the army and navy were implicated, and yielding to the entreaties of his wife and relatives, has at last decided, in order to save himself from assassination, to grant reforms. They will have the effect of changing the Government of Russia from despotism to one very nearly resembling the milder regimes of the more enlightened countries of Europe.

One of the most sweeping of the new measures will be the abolition of punishment of political offenders by exiling them to Siberia. The Czar is now said to be engaged several hours a day consulting leading statesmen of the Empire regarding these details. It is also said the Czar is in favor of a House of Commons and an elective Senate like the one in Washington. The nobility however, are opposed to making the Senate an elective body, preferring that the membership should be hereditary like England's House of Lords.

Freedom of the press will also be assured, subject to a liberal censorship. The Czar himself has great faith in his new policy, although it was forced upon him, and he is reported to have remarked that he would soon come to be known as the reaf father of his people and not be compelled to travel about among his subjects armed as if surrounded by tigers.

According to current reports 8,000 Siberian prisoners are soon to be released.

PATTI'S FAREWELL.

Extraordinary Scene Last Night in the Metropolitan Opera House.

NEW YORK, April 26.—Adelina Patti sailed for England by the steamship Etruria to-day, never to return; at least she said so herself previous to leaving her apartments at the Hoffman House last night for the Metropolitan Opera House. A reporter said to the diva, "Is it true then, madame, that you never intend visiting New York again?" "Yes, quite true," she replied. "I can't bear travelling. I'm not a good sailor and these long sea voyages are very tiresome to me. You can, therefore, say that I will never sing in America again after to-night."

The scene at the opera was a remarkable one. Every bit of space in the house was filled with an excited crowd of people. At the conclusion of the first act recalls were as repeated as the applause was deafening. The audience wanted "Home, Sweet Home," but La Diva intimated in a bewitching pantomime that it was too soon for that. It was therefore when the final curtain fell that the most extraordinary farewell ever witnessed here took place. Patti was deeply touched; her voice trembled a bit as she began the beautiful old air, and as it swelled and she regained her perfect control, the great audience, so thunderous a moment since, held its breath while the melody filled the auditorium with its golden tone. When she reached that part of the song "There is no place like Home," the audience went frantic, and it seemed as if the house would never empty, so long did they linger to applaud and cheer after Patti was gone.

A FORCED MARRIAGE.

A Sensational Wedding That Ended in a Fit of Fainting.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., April 26.—Geo. R. Hubby, of Fernandina, agent of the Mallory line of steamships, and Mrs. Sharpe, a young and popular widow, were married here yesterday under very strange circumstances. The young widow says that they were out riding in a carriage yesterday and that Hubby, after professing great love, proposed and was refused. He then in great excitement drew an ugly looking pistol and threatened to kill her at once if she did not consent. Overwhelmed by his awful threats she consented. He told her he would shoot her down if she did not keep her promise, and driving immediately to his residence an Episcopal minister was called in and the two were married. The minister said that the lady made all the necessary responses, but fainted when it was over. Hubby half supported her while he put the ring on her finger. He then went to her parents and informed them of the marriage which astonished them greatly. Shortly after the new bride escaped from the house and fled to her parents at the hotel Egmont for protection. A warrant for Hubby's arrest was at once applied for. It is said the sensational features of the case will be made known soon.

STANLEY IN ENGLAND.

Enthusiastically Cheered—Great Confusion and Nearly a Fight.

BRUSSELS, April 26.—Henry M. Stanley left this city for Dover at half-past 12 o'clock this afternoon. A large crowd witnessed his departure and he was enthusiastically cheered as the train pulled out.

DOVER, April 26—Stanley arrived here from Brussels at 3.35 p. m. and was greeted by the cheering of thousands of people. The local mis-management of the reception arrangements was such that great confusion occurred at the pier between reporters and the police, and a fight at one time seemed imminent. Stanley's friends, including Mr. New, American Consul-General at London, Kastem Dochax, Turkish ambassador to Great Britain, and Lord Wolseley, were unable to board the steamer in consequence of the prevailing disorder. Stanley replied to an address of welcome with a few words of thanks. At 4.05 p. m. he started for London.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

THE HOUSE PROROGUED THIS MORNING.

The Public Accounts Committee's Second Report—Closing Amenities—The Lieutenant-Governor's Assent to Bills Passed—Requiescat in Pace.

FRIDAY, APRIL 25.

Mr. Speaker took the chair at 2 p. m.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

Mr. Duck, chairman, submitted the amended report of the public accounts committee, also a minority report. The report was as follows:

MAJORITY REPORT.

VICTORIA, April 25, 1890.

MR. SPEAKER,—Your committee on public accounts, to whom was referred their last report for explanation and detail, herewith submit the following addenda:—

That with reference to the advances to Mr. Roycraft referred to in the ninth paragraph of the report, such advances even for the public service and in due course, and that as to the advance of $100 mentioned in the next paragraph of the same report, was to defray his expenses to Granite Creek, whither he was ordered on police business.

That a requisition for $300 was applied for on July 10th, that on account of the urgency of the occasion, Mr. Roycraft having to leave shortly after, the sum of $100 was paid on July 16th, and the Governor's warrant was signed on July 23rd.

That the sum of $36, as shown in the report as remaining in the hands of Mr. Roycraft on Jan. 30th, should read $60, the $26 having been collected by him in July, and that the discrepancy of the $60 as belonging to his June account was not known until the books were audited on August 8th following, and consequently did not appear to his debit on the 30th June, but appears in the Treasury books and included in the amount charged to him as revenue in his hands unaccounted for up to the date of his departure from the province.

That, with reference to the cash advances to the heads of departments, such advances when made have been invariably for strictly departmental purposes and under proper warrant, and have been duly accounted for, and in making them the usual and regular course has been followed.

Regarding the accounts of the Lands and Works Department, the same method of checking their accounts has been followed as existed in the year 1879, when the present auditor, Mr. McB. Smith, assumed office. That previous to the year 1879, from Confederation, the Lands and Works Department was its own cashier, and paid many of its bills, and on account of that plan an audit was then more desirable than now, or from 1879, since which no bills have been paid by the department.

It appears that a copy of the entries in the cash book is furnished by the Surveyor-General to the auditor once a month, and that he checks the copy with the stubs of the receipt. All receipt books being delivered from the Treasury and a record kept of them, and that the original cash book is at all times open to the auditor, who occasionally examines it.

That no money is advanced by the treasury to the lands and works department, but that when an advance is required it takes the place of a cheque to the order of the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works or Surveyor General and endorsed by them.

(Signed) S. DUCK, Chairman.
GEO. B. MARTIN,
JOSEPH MASON.

MINORITY REPORT.

The undersigned members of the Public Accounts Committee beg leave to report:

"That with reference to the first report submitted on 31st March, 1890, by Mr. Duck, as chairman, that there is nothing to correct except the substitution of sixty dollars for eighty-six dollars in the two paragraphs which refer to the sum collected in June, 1889, by H. B. Roycraft, and which he had not paid into the treasury at the end of the fiscal year 30th June, 1889. That the above change does not in any way affect the question involved, viz., that a collector of revenue successfully retained cash, and the balance sheet and the public accounts placed before the legislature did not show any sum as being in his hands.

"That this error of $26 in the first report arose through the officers in the Treasury Department inadvertently giving the committee the wrong figures which, however, did not in any way change the totals or the principle involved.

"That with regard to the cash advances made by the Treasury Department to the Department of Lands and Works, Attorney-General and Provincial Secretary, the language used in the first report shows that the advances are departmental and not private or personal purposes.

"That with regard to the cash advance of $100 made to H. B. Roycraft on July 16, 1889, by the treasury, that the same was paid to him illegally. The warrant authorizing the payment was not approved by the Lieut.-Governor until seven days after the cash was paid.

That an audit of the revenue cash book and the book of receipts and expenditure in the Lands and Works Department was made from January 1873 to 1876 inclusive, and possibly from July 1, 1871, to December 31, 1872, but that those books in the Department do not appear to have been audited since that time by the Provincial Auditor, but copies of the revenue cash book (Form J) have been sent every month to the Treasury and audited by that officer since some date in 1879.

That the account of expenditure upon public works by the Lands and Works Department since the latter part of 1872 has been kept in the Treasury and regularly audited.

That cash advances are made from

the Treasury to the Lands and Works Department for a portion of the expenditure upon public works, but a book showing the sum so advanced and its expenditure is not kept in the Lands and Works Department, but the vouchers received in re-payment of the advances so made are brought to account direct at the Treasury.

That it would be better to keep a separate account book showing the receipt of these advances and the disposition of the money thus obtained. The total amount of such advances for the fiscal year ending the 30th June, 1889, was $1,500.

That the total amount of revenue received at the Treasury through the Lands and Works Department for the year ending 30th June, 1889, is $103,885.19.

That the total amount advanced to the Attorney-General's Department for the year ending 30th June, 1889, is $11,458.18, but the present Attorney-General says that since he has been in office only $100, so far as he recollects, has been advanced from the Treasury.

That the total amount of cash advanced by the Treasury to the Provincial Secretary's Department, for the year ending 30th June, 1889, is $1,824.75.

That a return prepared by the Auditor showing the bonds given by heads of Departments from 1879 to 1890, inclusive, shows that the present heads of Departments do not give any security. That this is a violation of section 2 of the Civil Service Act.

Respectfully submitted,
(Signed) ROBT. BEAVEN,
JOHN GRANT.

On motion to receive the reports, the Attorney-General asked if it was the intention of the committee not to report the evidence.

Mr. Duck replied that that was the intention.

Attorney-General—That was the unanimous decision of the committee.

Mr. Beaven—I did not vote.

Mr. Duck—That was the decision of the committee.

Mr. Orr insisted that the evidence should have been reported.

Report received.

RETURNS.

Hon. Mr. Vernon brought down further correspondence respecting the North Arm bridge.

Mr. Semlin again called the attention of the Government to the fact that returns connected with the dismissal of Archibald Irving were not complete He had spoken about this matter several times and would like to hear from the Government if they were prepared with the complete returns.

Hon. Mr. Robson said no further documents or correspondence could be found; and if there were any he supposed they must have been lost.

PRIVILEGE.

Mr. Martin to a question of privilege said the Leader of the Opposition was reported in the TIMES as saying that he, Mr. Martin, in bringing forward a resolution, respecting the public accounts committee, had acted in an unmanly manner. He wished to assure the honorable gentleman again that he had no intention of acting unfairly or unmanly and thought he (Mr. B.) should withdraw the words he had used.

Hon. Mr. Beaven replying, said that he was correctly reported. He had said also that any such motion as the one in question should emanate from the chairman of the committee. If, however, he had said anything which had hurt the honorable gentleman's feelings, he (Mr. B.) having received the honorable gentleman's assurance that he had been misunderstood, he would be the last to refuse to hold out the olive branch in this the closing hours of the session, especially as they might not all meet again, but would withdraw anything he had said which gave the honorable gentleman annoyance. (Applause from both sides of the House.)

TWO MESSAGES

were read from His Honor the Lieut.-Governor-in Council, accompanied by amendments to the Mechanics Lien Act and an amendment to the Jubilee Hospital Act enabling the French Hospital to amalgamate with the former, by giving the latter three directors on the board of the former.

The amendments to the Mechanics' Lien Bill were first considered and disposed of.

When the matter respecting the French Benevolent Society came up, Hon. Mr. Robson said the matter required special mention. He referred to the magnanimity of the directors of the Jubilee Hospital and said it augured well for the future success of the Jubilee Hospital, with which they had amalgamated.

Mr. Grant had reason for knowing something about the French Hospital and he was glad to say it had always been conducted in a respectable manner. He believed this step would be in the interest of all concerned.

The amendments were inserted in committee and the bill as amended was read a third time and passed.

THE FINAL STAGES.

The Voters' Bill was recommitted and amended to place the voters of a certain portion of Lulu Island into the New Westminster Electoral District instead of leaving them in the city as before.

Bill read a third time and passed.

The Mineral Act was read a third time and passed.

When the County Courts Bill came up, the Attorney-General said that the very gentlemen who had asked that County Court Judges should be given powers of Supreme Court Judges now ask that it should be repealed, as they are convinced that it would not work. It would not do in the very district of New Westminster for which it was intended. It was represented that business was in a state of stagnation and if additional duties were placed on the County Court Judges, they would not be able to get through with the business.

Clause ten was struck out; the bill reported to the House, read a third time and passed.

The Companies Act Bill was further amended in committee; reported to the House, read a third time and passed.

CLOSING AMENITIES.

Hon. Mr. Robson (when the business of the House had been concluded) rose and said: Before making the formal motion to adjourn for the last time in this legislature I desire to make a few remarks. First of all, sir, I wish to compliment you upon the manner in which you have discharged the import-

(Continued on page five.)

CUTTING ON CANNING.

John T. Cutting Talks on the Salmon Canning Industry.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 24.—The well-known packer, John T. Cutting, says of the salmon canning industry that there seems to be some chance that the depletion of the great streams flowing into the Pacific, of salmon fish, will be greatly curtailed this season, and that possibly a year or two of recuperation will be permitted, owing to the dullness of the demand, due to overstocking of the world's markets by stimulation of business in the past two years.

"Sacramento canned salmon has ceased to cut any figure in the market whatever, owing to the almost utter extinction of fish in the water. Columbia river has also lost the commanding position it once held in the market, owing to over fishing, and now that ample supplies can be procured from Alaska and British Columbia, the product from the Columbia has ceased to exert the influence upon the market that it did.

Canned salmon is very low in this market, owing to the heavy stock of last year's pack in sight. Sales have been made as low as 85 cents for a dozen cans, which is below any figure touched before in this market.

There seems to be a concerted attempt of the Columbia river canneries to pack as small a number of cases as possible, and they profess to be indifferent about the settlement of difficulties with the fishermen. The Sacramento canneries have about decided to close down, owing to a strike among the fishermen at Martinez, who have demanded 2½ cents a pound for fish. Canners say they are unable to pay this price. It would be better if not a can of salmon was packed during the season of 1890."

MINERS PROTEST.

TO THE EDITOR:—There are hundreds of almost starving miners and prospectors along the line of the C. P. R. who, if the laws were left as they are, might possibly pull through an existence and hold their claims, but if the 5 per cent. law comes into existence must get out of the country, as it will be impossible for them to hold their claims or record any either with such laws in force. I always thought Canada a free country, but it appears not with such mining laws coming into existence. There will be nothing else for us to do but get out unless the Government would be kind enough to send us up a few millionaire prospectors, for whom they seem to be making the laws. We might get a job packing for some of them. FIELD MINERS.

Field, April 25.

Condensed Telegrams.

The promotion examination in the civil service will be held on May 26th.

Professor McGregor, principal of the Baptist College, Toronto, died on Friday.

A. W. Ross says he may take up his residence in Winnipeg again if the Hudson's Bay Railway receives a Government subsidy.

Ben Young, the canner, arrived at Ottawa from England this morning. He witnessed the arrival in London of two or three consignments of last year's pack. He says prices for the new season are dull, and likely to remain so.

The sergeants' mess of the Royal Grenadiers, Toronto, have passed a resolution condemning clerical interference in military affairs. The reason for this action is the recent protest of the ministerial association against Sunday parades.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers of America will hold their annual meeting in Winnipeg this year. Over 600 delegates will be present from all parts of Canada, and the Northern States Convention will open July 22nd, and will continue for three days. A public meeting will be held the first day, when an address will be delivered by P. M. Arthur, Grand Chief of the Brotherhood, and America's greatest labor representative. On the succeeding two day the sessions will be secret.

Fresh Oysters delivered to all parts of the city. New England Bakery, Young Bros., Government street. Telephone Call, No. 161.

Shaving outfits, pocket and table cutlery, scissors, etc., in large variety at M. & H. Fox, 78 Government street.

One Sweet Caporal is equal in natural flavor to three of any other brand.

Largest variety of clothing in Victoria, Gilmore & McCandless.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., (LIMITED).

TIME TABLE No. 11,
Taking effect March 29, 1890.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 8 o'clock, a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 14:30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Tuesday, Sailing and Lady Island, Sunday at 10 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)
For Pioneer Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 14:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pioneer Pass Saturday.

Fraser River Route.

Steamers leave New Westminster for Hope and way landings every Wednesday. For Chilliwhack and way landings every Monday and Saturday at 7 o'clock during river navigation.

Northern Route.

S.S. Sardonyx will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will explore trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves for Alberni Sound ports when sufficient inducements offer.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table without notification.
Steamers move on STANDARD TIME.
JOHN IRVING,
G. A. CARLETON, Manager.
General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y
Dispatch a steamer
Every five days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails,
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 12 A.M.
Umatilla - - - - - - April 29th
E. P. BURET & CO., Agents.

What Popular Clergyman will Fill this Chair?

NO EXPENSE.

There need be no expense incurred in making your vote. The votes require no envelope when dropped into the box at the door. If not convenient to drop them, send them through the mail. The list has materially changed to-day, the discrepancy between the leader and second gentleman not being nearly so large as it was yesterday noon.

THE CHAIR.

The accompanying picture will give our readers an idea of what the chair is like, if they have not already seen it in Kellogg's window. It is a magnificent Turkish easy chair, upholstered in finest morocco, stuffed with hair, the very acme of luxury and comfort, and guaranteed by its manufacturer, Jacob Sehl, to be the best chair of its description he has yet turned out.

A SUBSCRIPTION.

The voting for this chair will be a free will offering of the people to their pastors; those who send in the most votes are the ones who give the chair. Instead of passing around a paper, and letting each member place his or her name opposite an amount they are willing to give to buy the pastor a beautiful present, THE TIMES provides a suitable gift, and then asks its readers to say who shall have it. Simply cut the coupon from your evening paper, fill out the blank spaces, and send it in. Or if you wish to send more than one vote, secure extra copies of THE TIMES, which are always available.

CONDITIONS OF THE CONTEST.

The conditions of the contest are very simple.

Any reader of THE TIMES may vote as often as he chooses on the ballots cut from THE TIMES.

The votes must give the name of the clergyman voted for, and the name of the church with which he is connected.

The contest is open for Victoria clergymen only.

To be acceptable, the ballot must be cut from the paper. The ticket will be published daily until end of contest, and copies can always be obtained.

Address all ballots to
EASY CHAIR EDITOR,
TIMES OFFICE,
VICTORIA.

They may be left in box on THE TIMES door, or sent through the post office.

THE COUPON.

WHO IS THE Most Popular Clergyman in Victoria?

I vote for Rev. .....

of ..... Church,

for THE DAILY TIMES prize of a handsome Turkish Easy Chair.

Send this to the EASY CHAIR EDITOR, Times office.

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO.,
Japanese Merchants and General Importers
41 FORT STREET, VICTORIA,
Have received by the S.S. "Parthia" a select parcel of goods suitable for the spring and summer. Screens for fire-places, etc.; Paper Lanterns, Paper Napkins, Bronze Goods, more Silk Handkerchiefs, Morning and Tea Gowns, etc., etc.
All kinds of Japan tea, both black and green.

IMPORTANT—Special Notice.

Having bought the business of Messrs. C. Gabriel & Co., "The Japanese Bazaar," 25 Government street, the fine and varied stock of Porcelain, Bronzes, Screens, Silk Goods, Costumes, Gloves, Corsets, Jewellery, Wool, etc., etc., will at once be removed to 41 FORT STREET, and marked at greatly reduced prices.

REAL BARGAINS.

Our great success during the short time our store has been open conclusively proves the need of a Japanese store where all kinds of goods can be had at a reasonable price.
We are open to supply all Japanese manufactures and produce at close prices, quality guaranteed. Special consignments arranged, to any amount.

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO.
41 Fort Street Victoria.
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PICKET -:- WIRE -:- FENCING,
At from $1 to $2 per rod (16½ ft.) 4 feet high.

— MANUFACTURED BY —
McLENNAN & McFEELY, - - 70 YATES STREET.

WM ECKERT,
The Cash Grocer's Quotation:

FLOUR, per bbl	$5 25	TOMATOES, 6 tins new	$ 65
OATMEAL, Rolled 10 lbs for	1 00	PEAS, 3 tins new	25
" cash	45	JAMS and JELLIES, 5 lb. tins	1 50
CORN MEAL	40	PIE FRUIT, Assorted, gallon tins	2
SAGO and TAPIOCA	1 00	MINCE MEAT, Superior, 5 lb. tins	1 00
RICE	1 00	SUGAR, Light Brown, 14 lbs	1 00
PEAS, Green or Split	1 00	SUGAR, HOUSE DRIPS, per gal on	85
BEANS, White or Brown	1 00	VINEGAR, Malt	60
CURRANTS (new)	1 00	VINEGAR, White Wine	60
RAISINS, VALENCIA, (new)	1 00	BUTTER, Creamery (50 c. per lb.), 2 lbs for	90
PRUNES, from 8 to 12	1 00	HAM, Choice Eastern, per lb. from 15 to	17
APPLES, Dried (new) from 5 to 8	1 00	BACON, 15 cts. per lb or 8 lbs for	1 00
PEACHES "	1 00	COAL OIL, Pearl, per tin	1 75
APRICOTS "	1 00	TOBACCO, Smoking, 5 pounds	1 00
PEACHES, 2 to 4 tins, new	20	EGGS, Island 25 cts. per doz. Imported	30 cts
APRICOTS, 2 tins, new	20	COFFEE, Victoria Blend	25
PINE APPLES, 2 tins, new	20	" Mocha, Java and Ceylon	37
CORN "	1 00	TEA, 5 lbs. All for	1 00
BUTTER, Fresh Grass Roll, per roll	35	GRANULATED SUGAR, 12 lbs for	1 00

Remember the place: 173—Government Street, corner Herald—173
mar7-fm-dw-

SPECIAL MONTREAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE Wonder of The Age
ECLIPSE DYES
A NEW Improved DYE for Home Dyeing
Nothing but Water required in using
10c a package. For sale everywhere. If your dealer does not keep them, send direct to the manufacturers.
COTTINGHAM, ROBERTSON & CO. MONTREAL.

PLATE GLASS
A large stock always on hand.
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Best Brands—A large assortment.
SILVERED MIRRORS
ALL SIZES.
A. RAMSAY & SON, MONTREAL,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PAINTS, VARNISHES & COLORS.

THE GREAT OLD ENGLISH REMEDY
OF PURELY VEGETABLE INGREDIENTS WITHOUT MERCURY, USED BY THE ENGLISH PEOPLE FOR OVER 120 YEARS.
Cockle's Pills
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS PILLS.
These Pills consist of a careful and peculiar admixture of the best and mildest vegetable aperients and the pure extract of Flowers of Chamomile. They will be found a most efficacious remedy for derangements of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the liver and bowels which produce indigestion and the several varieties of bilious and liver complaints. 1008 1y
all Chemists. WHOLESALE AGENTS:
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Gilpin and Buford Sulky Plows, Prairie Queen Breaking Plows
Essex Centre No. 30 Jointer Plows.
WHIPPLE WHEEL, ACME AND DISC HARROWS.
Hoosier Seed Drills, Pacific Seeders, Chatham Fanning Mills, Minneapolis Grain Cleaners.
Largest Assortment of Plows and Harrows
IN THE PROVINCE.
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— USE —
NAPTHAZONE
— THE —
NEW DISINFECTANT
For sale by all Druggists at 15 cents per pound; two pounds for 25 cents.
LANGLEY & CO.
Wholesale agents for British Columbia.
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LADIES—This cut represents our Summer Oxford Shoes, BLACK and COLORS

A.B. ERSKINE.

PRICES:

$1.50	$2.00	$2.75	$4.00	$5.50
1.75	2.25	3.00	4.50	6.00
	2.50	3.50	5.00	

Erskine's Boot and Shoe Emporium
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LOTS! LOTS!
FOR SALE.
Esquimalt Road and Cadboro Bay Road—Fort St. Extension.
Good Water. Excellent Drainage. No Dust.
Electric Light. Electric Tramway.

ESQUIMALT ROAD.—We have for disposal a number of most eligible building sites on this well known property, which is situated on the south side of the Esquimalt Road; a great advantage in the Summer season, owing to the absence of dust. The property being near the sheltered cove of West Bay enables residents to avail themselves of the pleasures pertaining to a seaside resort.

CADBORO BAY ROAD (FORT STREET EXTENSION) Adjoining the private property of B. W. Pearse, Esq., and commanding a magnificent view of Mount Baker, San Juan Island and the Straits of Fuca; having city water and being on the principal line of the Electric Tramway will enable residents to combine the advantages of country with city life and its conveniences. This exceptionally desirable property has been under cultivation for some years but is now laid down to grass. The soil is unsurpassed for garden purposes.

Terms, one-third cash, balance 6 and 12 mos., at 7 per cent.
Or—Ten (10) per cent. discount for cash.
Special inducements offered to purchasers engaging to build.

LOWENBERG, - HARRIS - & - CO.
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SURGERY WITHOUT PAIN.

AN ELOQUENT SERMON PREACHED BY REV. TALMAGE.

"The Blind Receive Their Sight and the Lame Walk, the Lepers Are Cleansed and the Deaf Hear," the Text of the Doctor's Remarks April 30th.

BROOKLYN, April 20.—The audiences Dr. Talmage has had on Sunday evenings, since the burning of the Tabernacle drove his congregation to the shelter of the Academy of Music, have been something phenomenal. This evening the spacious building was filled in every part. The popular preacher discoursed on the profession of healing. His text was Matthew xi, 5: "The blind receive their sight, and the lame walk, the lepers are cleansed, and the deaf hear." He said:

"Doctor," I said to a distinguished surgeon, "do you not get worn out with constantly seeing so many wounds and broken bones and dislocations of the human body?" "Oh, no," he answered; "all that is overcome by my joy in curing them." A sublimer or more merciful art never came down from heaven than the art of surgery. Catastrophe and disease entered the earth so early that one of the first wants of the world was a doctor. Our crippled and agonized human race called for surgeon and family physician for many years before they came. The first surgeons who answered this call were ministers of religion, namely, the Egyptian priests. And what a grand thing if all clergymen were also doctors, all D. D.'s were M. D.'s, for there are so many cases where body and soul need treatment at the same time, consolation and medicine, theology and therapeutics.

As the first surgeons of the world were also ministers of religion, may these two professions always be in full sympathy! But under what disadvantages the early surgeons worked, from the fact that the dissection of the human body was forbidden, first by the pagans and then by the early Christians! Apes, being the brutes most like the human race, were dissected, but no human body might be unfolded for physiological and anatomical exploration, and the surgeons had to guess what was inside the temple by looking at the outside of it. If they failed in any surgical operation they were persecuted and driven out of the city, as was Archagathus because of his bold but unsuccessful attempt to save a patient.

EARLY SURGERY.

But the world from the very beginning kept calling for surgeons, and their first skill is spoken of in Genesis, where they employed their art for the incisions of a sacred rite, God making surgery the predecessor of baptism; and we see it again in II Kings, where Ahaziah, the monarch, stepped on some cracked lattice work in the palace and it broke, and he fell from the upper to the lower floor, and he was so hurt that he sent to the village of Ekron for aid; and Esculapius, who wrought such wonders of surgery that he was deified, and temples were built for his worship at Pergamos; and Epidaurus and Podelirius introduced for the relief of the world phlebotomy; and Dameocedes cured the dislocated ankle of King Darius and the cancer of his queen; and Hippocrates put successful hand on fractures and introduced amputation; and Praxagoras removed obstructions; and Herophilus began dissection; and Erasistratus removed tumors; and Celsus, the Roman surgeon, removed cataract from the eye and used the Spanish fly; and Heliodorus arrested disease of the throat; and Alexander, of Tralles, treated the eye; and Rhazas cauterized for the prevention of hydrophobia, and Percival Pott came to combat diseases of the spine; and in our own century we have had a Roux and a Larray in France, an Astley Cooper and an Abernethy in Great Britain, and a Valentius Mott and Willard Parker and Samuel D. Gross in America, and a galaxy of living surgeons as brilliant as their predecessors. What mighty progress in the baffling of disease since the crippled and sick of ancient cities were laid along the streets, that people who had ever been hurt or disordered in the same way might suggest what had better be done for the patients; and the priests of olden time, who were constantly suffering from colds received in walking barefoot over the temple pavements, had to prescribe for themselves, and fractures were considered so far beyond all human cure that instead of calling in the surgeons the people only invoked the gods!

SURGERY WANTED WITHOUT PAIN.

But notwithstanding all the surgical and medical skill of the world, with what tenacity the old diseases hang on to the human race, and most of them are thousands of years old, and in our Bibles we read of them: the carbuncles of Job and Hezekiah; the palpitation of the heart spoken of in Deuteronomy; the sunstroke of a child carried from the fields of Shunem, crying, "My head! my head!" King Asa's disease of the feet, which was nothing but gout; defection of teeth, that called for dental surgery, the skill of which, quite equal to anything modern, is still seen in the filled molars of the unrolled Egyptian mummies; the ophthalmia caused by the juice of the newly ripe fig, leaving the people blind at the roadside; epilepsy, as in the case of the young man often falling into the fire, and oft into the water; hypochondria, as of Nebuchadnezzar, who imagined himself an ox, and going out to the fields to pasture; the withered hand, which in Bible times, as now, came from the destruction of the main artery, or from paralysis of the chief nerve; the wounds of the man whom the thieves left for dead on the road to Jericho, and whom the good Samaritan nursed, pouring in oil and wine—wine to cleanse the wound and oil to soothe it. Thank God for what surgery has done for the alleviation and cure of human suffering!

But the world wanted a surgery without pain. Drs. Parre and Hickman and Simpson and Warner and Jackson, with their amazing genius, came on, and with their anaesthetics benumbed the patient with narcotics and ethers as the ancients did with hashish and mandrake, and quieted him for a while, but at the return of consciousness distress returned. The world has never seen but one surgeon who could straighten the crooked limb, cure the blind eye or reconstruct the drum of a soundless ear or reduce a dropsy, without any pain at the time, or any pain after, and that surgeon was Jesus Christ, the mightiest, grandest, gentlest and most sympathetic surgeon the world ever saw or ever will see; and he deserves the confidence and love and worship and hosanna of all the earth and hallelujahs of all heaven. "The blind receive their sight and the lame walk; the lepers are cleansed and the deaf hear."

I notice this Surgeon had a fondness for chronic cases. Many a surgeon, when he has had a patient brought to him, has said: "Why was not this attended to five years ago? You bring him to me after all power of recuperation is gone. You have waited until there is a complete contraction of the muscles, and false ligatures are formed, and ossification has taken place. It ought to have been attended to long ago." But Christ the Surgeon seemed to prefer inveterate cases. One was a hemorrhage of twelve years, and he stopped it. Another was a curvature of eighteen years, and he straightened it. Another was a cripple of thirty-eight years, and he walked out well. The eighteen-year patient was a woman bent almost double. If you could call a convention of all the surgeons of all the centuries, their combined skill could not cure that body so drawn out of shape.

Perhaps they might stop it from getting any worse, perhaps they might contrive braces by which she might be made more comfortable, but it is, humanly speaking, incurable. Yet this divine Surgeon put both his hands on her, and from that doubled up posture she began to rise, and the empurpled face began to take on a healthier hue, and the muscles began to relax from their rigidity, and the spinal column began to adjust itself, and the cords of the neck began to be more supple, and the eyes, that could see only the ground before, now looked into the face of Christ with gratitude, and up toward heaven in transport. Straight! After eighteen weary and exhaustive years, straight! The poise, the gracefulness, the beauty of healthy womanhood reinstated.

The thirty-eight years' case was a man who lay on a mattress near the mineral baths at Jerusalem. There were five apartments where lame people were brought, so that they could get the advantage of these mineral baths. The stone basin of the bath is still visible, although the waters have disappeared, probably through some convulsion of nature, the bath, one hundred and twenty feet long, forty feet wide and eight feet deep. Ah, poor man, if you have been lame and helpless thirty-eight years, that mineral bath cannot restore you. Why, thirty-eight years is more than the average of human life! Nothing but the grave will cure you. But Christ the Surgeon walks along these baths, and I have no doubt passes by some patients who have been only six months disordered, or a year, or five years, and comes to the mattress of the man who had been nearly four decades helpless, and to this thirty-eight years' invalid said: "Wilt thou be made whole?" The question asked, not because the Surgeon did not understand the protractedness, the desperateness, of the case, but to evoke the man's pathetic narrative. "Wilt thou be made whole?" "Would you like to get well?" "Oh, yes," says the man, "that is what I came to these mineral baths for; I have tried everything. All the surgeons have failed, and all the prescriptions have proved valueless, and I have got worse and worse, and I can neither move hand or foot or head. Oh, if I could only be free from this pain of thirty-eight years!" Christ the Surgeon could not stand that. Bending over the man on the mattress, and in a voice tender with all sympathy, but strong with all omnipotence, he says, "Rise!" And the invalid instantly scrambles to his knees, and then puts out his right foot, then his left foot, and then stood upright as though he had never been prostrated. While he stands looking at the Doctor with a joy too much to hold, the Doctor says: "Shoulder this mattress! for you are not only well enough to walk, but well enough to work, and start out from these mineral baths. Take up thy bed and walk!" Oh, what a Surgeon for chronic cases then, and for chronic cases now!

JESUS THE SURGEON.

This is not applicable so much to those who are only a little hurt of sin and only for a short time, but to those prostrated of sin twelve years, eighteen years, thirty-eight years. Here is a surgeon able to give immortal health. "Oh," you say, "I am so completely overthrown and trampled down of sin that I cannot rise." Are you flatter down than this patient at the mineral baths? No. Then rise. In the name of Jesus of Nazareth, the Surgeon who offers you his right hand of help, I bid thee rise. Not cases of acute sin, but of chronic sin—those who have not prayed for thirty-eight years, those who have not been to church for thirty-eight years, those who have been gamblers, or libertines, or thieves, or outlaws, or blasphemers, or infidels, or atheists, or all these together, for thirty-eight years. A Christ for exigencies! A Christ for a dead life! A Surgeon who never loses a case!

In speaking of Christ as a surgeon, I must consider him as an oculist, or eye doctor, and an aurist, or ear doctor. Was there ever such another oculist? That he was particularly sorry for the blind folks, I take from the fact that the most of his works was with the diseased optic nerves. I have not time to count up the number of blind people mentioned who got his cure. Two blind men in one house, also one who was born blind; so that it was not removal of a visual obstruction, but the creation of the cornea, and ciliary muscle, and crystalline lens, and retina, and optic nerve, and tear gland; also the blind man of Bethsaida, cured by the saliva which the Surgeon took from the tip of his own tongue and put upon the eyelids; also two blind men who sat by the wayside. In our civilized lands we have blindness enough, the ratio fearfully increasing, according to the statement of Boston and New York and Philadelphia oculists, because of the reading of morning and evening newspapers on the jolting cars by the multitudes who live out of the city and come in to business.

But in the lands where this Divine Surgeon operated, the cases of blindness were multiplied beyond everything by the particles of sand floating in the air, and the night dews falling on the eyelids of those who slept on the top of their houses; and in some of these lands it is estimated that twenty out of a hundred people are totally blind. Amid all that crowd of visionless people, what work for an oculist! And I do not believe that more than one out of a hundred of that Surgeon's cures were reported. He went up and down among those people who were feeling slowly their way by staff, or led by the hand of man or rope of dog, and introducing them to the faces of their own household, to the sunrise and the sunset, and the evening star. He just ran his hand over the expressionless face, and the shutters of both windows were swung open, and the restored went home, crying: "I see! I see! Thank God, I see!"

WE WERE ALL BORN BLIND.

That is the oculist we all need. Till he touches our eyes we are blind. Yes, we were born blind. By nature we see things wrong if we see them at all. Our best eternal interests are put before us and we cannot see them. The glories of a loving and pardoning Christ are projected, and we do not behold them. Or we have a defective sight which makes the things of this world larger than the things of the future, time bigger than eternity. Or we are color blind and cannot see the difference between the blackness of darkness forever and the roseate morning of an everlasting day. But Christ the Surgeon comes in, and though we shrink back afraid to have him touch us, yet he puts his fingers on the closed eyelids of the soul, and midnight becomes mid-noon; and we understand something of the joy of the young man of the Bible, who, though he had never before been able to see his hand before his face, now, by the touch of Christ, had two headlights kindled under his brow, cried out in language that confounded the jeering crowd who were deriding the Christ that had effected the cure, and wanted to make him out a bad man, "Whether he be a sinner or no, I know not; one thing I know, that whereas I was blind, now I see."

But this Surgeon was just as wonderful as an aurist. Very few people have two good ears. Nine out of ten people are particular to get on this or that side of you when they sit or walk or ride with you, because they have one disabled ear. Many have both ears damaged, and what with the constant racket of our great cities, and the catarrhal troubles that sweep through the land, it is remarkable that there are any good ears at all. Most wonderful instrument is the human ear. It is harp and drum and telegraph and telephone and whispering gallery all in one. Bedlectic and wondrous is its construction that the most difficult of all things to reconstruct is the auditory apparatus. The mightiest of scientists have put their skill to its retuning, and sometimes they stop the progress of its decadence, or remove temporary obstructions, but not more than one really deaf ear out of a hundred thousand is ever cured. It took a God to make the ear, and it takes a God to mend it. That makes me curious to see how Christ the Surgeon succeeds as an aurist.

We are told of only two cases he operated on as an ear surgeon. His friend Peter, naturally high tempered, saw Christ insulted by a man by the name of Malchus, and Peter let his sword fly, aiming at the man's head, but the sword slipped and hewed off the outside ear, and our Surgeon touched the laceration and another ear bloomed in the place of the one that had been slashed away. But it is not the outside ear that hears. That is only a funnel for gathering sound and pouring it into the hidden and more elaborate ear. On the beach of Lake Galilee our Surgeon found a man deaf and dumb. The patient dwelt in perpetual silence, and was speechless. He could not hear a note of music or a clap of thunder. He could not call father or mother or wife or children by name. What power can waken that dull tympanum or reach that chain of small bones or revive that auditory nerve or open the gate between the brain and the outside world? The Surgeon put his fingers in the deaf ears and agitated them, and kept on agitating them until the vibration gave vital energy to all the dead parts, and they responded, and when our Surgeon withdrew his fingers from the ears, the two funnels of sound were clear for all sweet voices of music and friendship. For the first time in his life he heard the dash of the waves of Galilee. Through the desert of painful silence had been built a king's highway of resonance and acclamation. But yet he was dumb. No word had ever leaped over his lip. Speech was chained under his tongue. Vocalization and accentuation were to him an impossibility. He could express neither love nor indignation nor worship. Our Surgeon, having unlarged his ear, will now cut the shackle of his tongue. The Surgeon will use the same liniment or salve that he used on two occasions for the cure of blind people, namely, the moisture of his own mouth. The application is made. And lo, the rigidity of the dumb tongue is relaxed, and between the tongue and teeth were born a whole vocabulary, and words flow into expression. He not only heard but he talked. One gate of his body swung in to let sound enter, and the other gate swung out to let sound depart. Why is it that while other surgeons used knives and forceps and probes and spectroscopes, this Surgeon used only the ointment of his own lips? To show that all the curative power we ever feel comes straight from Christ. And if he touches us not, we shall be deaf as a rock and dumb as a tomb. Oh thou greatest of all aurists, compel us to hear and help us to speak!

HIS SERVICES ARE FREE.

But what were the Surgeon's fees for all these cures of eyes and ears and tongues and withered hands and crooked backs? The skill and the painlessness of the operations were worth hundreds and thousands of dollars. Do not think that the cases he took were all moneyless. Did he not treat the nobleman's soul? Did he not doctor the ruler's daughter? Did he not effect a cure in the house of a centurion of great wealth, who had out of his own pocket built a synagogue? They would have paid him large fees if he had demanded them, and there were hundreds of wealthy people in Jerusalem, and among the merchant castles along Lake Tiberias, who would have given this Surgeon houses and lands and all they had for such cures as he could effect. For critical cases in our time great surgeons have received a thousand dollars, five thousand dollars, and, in one case I know of, fifty thousand dollars, but the Surgeon of whom I speak received not a shekel, not a penny, not a farthing.

In his whole earthly life, we know of his having had but sixty-two and a half cents. When his taxes were due, by his omniscience he knew of a fish in the sea which had swallowed a piece of silver money, as fish are apt to swallow anything bright, and he sent Peter with a hook which brought up that fish, and from its mouth was extracted a Roman stater, or sixty-two and a half cents, the only money he ever had; and that he paid out for taxes. This greatest Surgeon of all the centuries gave all his services then, and offers all his services now, free of charge. "Without money and without price" you may spiritually have your blind eyes opened, and your deaf ears unbarred, and your dumb tongues loosened, and your wounds healed, and your soul saved. If Christian people get hurt of body, mind or soul, let them remember that surgery is apt to hurt, but it cures, and you can afford present pain for future glory. Beside that, there are powerful anaesthetics in the divine promises that soothe and alleviate. No ether or chloroform or cocaine ever made one so superior to distress as a few drops of that magnificent anodyne: "All things work together for good to those who love God;" "Weeping may endure for a night, but joy cometh in the morning."

What a grand thing for our poor human race when this Surgeon shall have completed the treatment of all the world's wounds! The day will come when there will be no more hospitals, for there will be no more sick, and no more eye and ear infirmaries, for there will be no more blind or deaf, and no more deserts, for the round earth shall be brought under arboriculture, and no more blizzards or sunstrokes, for the atmosphere will be expurgated of scorch and chill, and no more war, for the swords shall come out of the foundry bent into pruning hooks. While in the heavenly country we shall see those who were the victims of accident or malformation, or hereditary ills on earth, become the athletes in elysian fields.

Who is that man with such brilliant eyes close before the throne? Why, that is the man who, near Jericho, was blind, and our Surgeon cured his ophthalmia! Who is that erect and graceful and queenly woman before the throne? That was the one whom our Surgeon found bent almost double, and could in no wise lift up herself, and he made her straight. Who is that listening with such rapture to the music of heaven, solo melting into chorus, cymbal responding to trumpet, and then himself joining in the anthem? Why, that is the man whom our Surgeon found deaf and dumb on the beach of Galilee, and by two touches opened ear gate and mouth gate. Who is that around whom the crowds are gathering with admiring look and thanksgiving, and cries of "Oh, what he did for me! Oh, what he did for my family! Oh, what he did for the world!" That is the Surgeon of all the centuries, the Oculist, the Aurist, the Emancipator, the Saviour. No pay he took on earth. Come, now, and let all heaven pay him with worship that shall never end, and a love that shall never die. On his head be all the crowns! In his hands be all the sceptres! and at his feet be all the worlds!

Cigarette smokers invariably return to their first choice—Sweet Caporals.

"Tales of Western Life," By H. R. A. Pocock, is for sale by Gill & Co., on Broad street, at 25 cents.

Arrived.

Bass XXXX Ale (Lamb's Wool) at the Occidental Hotel bar. *

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Any votes for the Easy Chair cast for persons not regularly ordained ministers, will be refused.

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Good Value! Low Prices! Splendid Assortment Boys' Suits!
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McLEAN & STEWART.
Our Spring Stock of Clothing is now complete.
HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS IN THE LATEST STYLES.
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A FINE LINE OF ENGLISH GLADSTONE BAGS.
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The company is now prepared to fill all orders promptly, of the best Granite, and at the lowest possible prices.
This Granite is perfectly free from all iron rust, black knots, and other imperfections. Samples furnished on application and prices quoted. For further particulars apply to
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THE DAILY TIMES

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At No. 27 Yates-street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,

WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager.

OUR EULOGY.

Few there are who will regret that the House has ceased its labors. Indeed, we may suppose that a sigh of relief will go round as if some great impending danger had passed. The legislators, once more sojourning beneath their own vine and fig trees, there is no immediate danger of the Province falling into the hands of railway speculators. The solid nineteen can now only cogitate, while the Government can proceed to "fix" the electors by proceeding to develop the country through the medium of wagon roads. THEO. will now have time to prepare some apologetic speeches re his attitude on certain questions; the Chief Commissioner will have time to elaborate an essay on what he knows about North Arm Bridges; while as for the Premier, he probably will improve the interval between now and the general elections by an effort to assuage the wrath of the denizens of New Westminster. Neither of the three gentlemen have a "picnic" before them. Their's will be a rocky road. In fact, should any of them re-appear in public life it will be owing wholly to the supineness of their opponents. The triumvirate just mentioned are a dangerous combination. With abilities of about the fourth rank, morally oblique in their perceptions of the relations of legislation to social questions, disingenuous and foxy, flagrantly unjust according to their own confessions, wrapped up in self, deaf to equity and dead to reason, we have in them a quartette whose wisest measures are blunders, and whose worst are only one degree removed from crimes. And yet these men, with records so equivocal, will probably try to persuade the electorate to give them another spell at the public crib. But what of the fellows who have endorsed the triumvirate? How will they manage to so far wash their sins away as to justify their appearance again in the legislative role? This is a baffling question. Their re-election depends wholly on the ignorance of the electorate. If the electorate has watched their respective careers closely and has weighed their actions in the balances of common sense, there can be but one result—the Legislative Assembly next winter will be composed of a new set of men. But what have "the boys" done, we hear some friendly organ pipe, that they should not be permitted to assist in shaping the destiny of the province? Their legislative sins are so numerous and grievous that we defer the enumeration of them to a more convenient period. We haven't the data just now at hand. Before the week is out, however, we hope to get hold of it, and then we shall give them a column or two of advertising at rates which will defy competition. We propose to put our figures—advertising figures—down so low that THEO. will wish he had never seen or heard of a Government Gazette.

PROTECTION IN THE STATES.

Protection, if we may believe the Oregonian, is faring as hardly in the United States as it is in Canada. Under the caption of "An Anti Mills Bill," the Oregonian remarks that, "the ways and means committee are in a peck of trouble with its tariff bill. It seems to suit nobody. Scores of industrial interests assail it because it does not afford them protection enough, and the whole country grumbles because it still taxes the consumer too much. Local groups of representations are in half declared rebellion, and the party press is lukewarm. It seems doubtful whether the bill can be pressed through the house, and it seems certain that it will not satisfy the country." The Oregonian thinks this is a deplorable state of affairs, inasmuch as the ways and means committee has done its work thoroughly and conscientiously, the object being to revise the tariff in the interest of the whole country. The trouble with the McKINLEY bill as with "N. P.," is that the people have outgrown it. They are beginning to discover, or at the least to entertain the well defined suspicion that it calls for too much sugar for a cent; that instead of being an unqualified national blessing, only manufacturing interests can be said to profit by it. With such a feeling as this broadcast in the land, the newspapers the while lukewarm, wherefore should the McKINLEY bill carry except at the expense of important modification. The question of protection will not stand the test of reason. In isolated cases it may be applied to advantage, but taken as a whole and considered apart from sectional prejudice it has no standing in equity and is opposed to sound economic considerations. It is pretty safe to say that protection would not now be in operation in the States, only that its advocates have traded on the ancient prejudice of the people for England. This in effect was the war cry of the Republicans in the last presidential election. They held that the Democrats were catering to English interests, and the jealousy of the nation was aroused. In Canada the disciples of the "National Policy" employed similar tactics. Patriotism falsely so called, not business was made the excuse for "National Policy." But the people of both the United States and Canada are gradually coming to their senses. Their necessities have driven them to the study of political economy and they have discovered that protection is the building up of one interest at the expense of another; without materially benefitting the interests of the whole country. It seems to be tolerably certain that since the country is not prosperous under protection, the people will have a change. Free trade may not help matters, but that is a question which can only be demonstrated by actual experiment.

SUPPRESSING INFORMATION.

On an early day in the session now closed, Mr. SEMLIN moved for all the correspondence in reference to the dismissal by the Government of A. IRWIN as constable and collector at Granite Creek. Some weeks elapsed, and a partial return was laid on the table. This partial return included correspondence which did not in any way refer to the dismissal, and was written subsequent to the removal from office. Very important documents urging his reinstatement and expressing confidence in him, were not produced and have not been up to the present time. On several occasions during the sitting of the House, Mr. SEMLIN reminded the Government that the complete returns were wanted, and he was met by the statement of the first minister that they could not be found. Mr. VERNON claimed to have received semi-private letters on the subject, which he did not feel inclined to make public. Again on Friday night, the closing night of the session, Mr. SEMLIN renewed his request for the papers, and again received the stereotyped promise that as soon as found the papers would be produced. The House is now prorogued, and information which was promised over two months ago has not yet been furnished. It will be remembered that Superintendent ROYCRAFT's ostensible mission, when he "jumped" the country, was to investigate this question of Mr. IRWIN's discharge, and which was described by Mr. TURNER as of the utmost importance. No investigation, however, has ever been held, and the correspondence appears to have been purposely suppressed. Among the papers alleged to have been "lost" by the Government was a petition in favor of Mr. IRWIN, having over fifty signatures, as follows:

GRANITE, 10th June, 1889.

To the Hon. John Robson:

SIR,—We the miners of Granite Creek, and the Similkameen district, take this method of conveying to your honor and the Government our regret at the dismissal from office of Mr. A. Irwin; the said gentleman having our entire respect and confidence, and knowing him as we do we place implicit trust in him as an officer; and further, feeling that undue, and we might say underhand influence has been brought to bear upon the Government to effect his dismissal, we as miners and taxpayers enter this protest.

Hoping that after a careful consideration of the case you will do justice to our friend, who we feel has been traduced without having an opportunity of defending himself.

By kindly attending to our petition you will place under lasting obligations the undersigned: J. F. Allison, J. P., F. R. Murphy, T. P. Cook, and over 50 others.

This is another sample of the partial and dishonest tricks of the Government. We are almost tired exposing the contemptible tactics by which the party, whose days of power are now practically ended, has retained office. We know nothing about the merits of the Granite Creek affair, but this we do know, that no subordinate officer could be guilty of suppressing official documents in his possession without incurring the severe displeasure of his superiors. By what other rule are we to judge the Government?

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Great stress is being laid on Mr. GOSCHEN's discovery that "good times" boom the whisky business. "Able editors," since the ventilation of Mr. GOSCHEN's Budget, have suddenly discovered that in America as well as in England, when times are flush, there is a marked increase in the consumption of alcoholic drinks and conversely. There is, however, really nothing new in this revelation of the English Finance Minister. It is an old and well established maxim with speculators and real estate men, that the gaudy, well patronized saloon affords indubitable evidence of prosperity. It is a rule well understood on this coast that where the saloon is there is money. The absence of the saloon is the infallible prognostic of the absence of the "almighty dollar." Convivial and gastronomic enjoyment are the invariable concomitant of plenty. Only men who are "hard up" deny themselves enjoyment of the animal function. Mr. GOSCHEN, therefore, need not flatter himself that he has made a discovery and seek to take out a patent for it. Years ago the real estate men on this coast could have told him as much. It is really amusing that GOSCHEN, or at least his admirers, should treat his discovery as something which never before had occurred to anybody.

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--: DRESSES!

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Chambrays, Plain.....4 yd for	1 00
Chambrays, Bordered Robes (10 yds).....each	3 75
Cotton Pongees.....4 and 8 yd	1 00
Swiss Embroidered Chambray Robes.....from	4 75
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Single width Woollens, ℣ yd from	16
44 in. Cashmeres, Newest Shades	50
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40 in. Brocaded Cashmere or Jackard, Light Shades.....	90
40 in. Fancy Stripe and Check, 8 Different Shades.....	60
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44 in. Plaid Crape Cloth.....	95
38 " Single width Crape Cloths.	60
30 " " " " "	65
40 " Black Amazon.....	70
42 " Pretty Poll, all wool.....	65
40 " Stripe Cashmere, all wool	80
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14 Choice Business Lots fronting both on Juan de Fuca and Elliott Avenues, size 50x150.

40 Beautiful Residence or Business Lots fronting on Lincoln, Garfield and Blaine streets, 50x110, Street car motor line is on Blaine street.

These lots range in prices from $1000, $1250, $1500, $2000, $2500 and $3000 each. Terms made easy and desirable.

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To the facts concerning this property. All lots fronting on Juan de Fuca, Elliott and Silvester Avenues are in the O. C. Hastings Addition; those on Lincoln, Garfield and Blaine streets are in the Hastings Estate Addition to Port Townsend. All the property is free from swamps, stumps, timber or rubbish, ready to be built upon. Most advantageously located, both as to the Street Cars, Railroad Depot and Steamer Landings, and adjoining the Railroad Subsidy Lands, fronting on the principal avenues running from the Port Townsend Southern Railroad wharves at the Bay, past the Depot, through to the Juan de Fuca Streets. Also fronting on and near the streets and avenues on which street cars are now running daily, and lies between the old townsite and the several Elsapbeis Additions to Port Townsend. People who desire to make investments or purchase desirable property for homes can rest assured that I am not selling holes in the ground, tide flats, the peaks of the Olympic Range, or miles from no place, or lands with questionable titles. For further information see

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Manufacturers of

SEWER PIPES, TERRA COTTA,

Drain Tile, Flower Pots, Vases, and other Earthenware.

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apr

MRS. McGREGOR,

MID-WIFE

Has Diploma from the University of Edinburgh.

RESIDENCE:

Corner Douglas and Cormorant Streets.

feb26

MRS. MACK,

LADIES' NURSE

After confinement.

Address, No. 80 Chatham Street.

aug-tf

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned up to Monday, 5th May, for the erection of a Residence, on a plot of ground facing Belcher street, near Mose street.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JOHN TEAGUE, Architect.

ap22

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

SEPARATE TENDERS WILL BE Received by the undersigned up to Noon, May 7th, for the erection of a Three story Business Premises to be situated facing the corner of Yates street and Commercial alley.

Lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN TEAGUE, Architect.

ap22d

NOTICE.

ALL THOSE who take an interest in the establishment of a new Building, Loan and Investment Association can obtain Prospectus of the undersigned, and are requested to attend the Initiatory Meeting on Friday next, at 8 p.m., at Harmony Hall.

JAS. A. COHEN, Printer, 38 Fort st.

ap19-tf

H. G. WATERSON,

JOB PRINTER

Office over R. Jamieson's Book Store,

GOVERNMENT STREET. mr7-6m

DISSOLUTION.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXisting between Sidney Shore & Joseph I. Seabrook under the firm name of Shore & Seabrook, farmers, Galiano Island, has been dissolved by mutual consent this 15th day of April 1890.

All accounts due the late firm will be paid to, and liabilities due by them will be paid by R. Seabrook, on or before the 30th April instant.

SIDNEY SHORE, JOSEPH I. SEABROOK.

ap19-2w

NOTICE.

F. H. ROBSON, of KAMLOOPS.

IN LIQUIDATION.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST the above estate are requested to send the same to the office of

R. P. RITHET & CO., Wharf St., Victoria,

duly sworn to before a Notary Public or Justice of the Peace, on or before 31st day of May, 1890.

R. P. RITHET, Assignee of the Estate.

ap12-tf

DELMONICO

RESTAURANT AND OYSTER PARLOR

109 Government St., Victoria, B.C.

E. ESCALET, Proprietor.

This establishment is first class in every respect. Every delicacy of the season served in the best style. The finest imported wines and liquors are kept at the Delmonico.

Private dining rooms for ladies. Open day and night. Polite and attentive waiters.

Private parties catered for in any part of the city on the shortest notice.

N. B.—Having engaged a celebrated eastern cook for the season, patrons of the Delmonico can feel assured that all orders placed in his charge will receive the greatest care and attention.

ap9tf

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38 FORT STREET,

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ap17-1y

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Whales in Hudson's Bay,
Gold in British Columbia,
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Suitable for subdivision, at terms to suit purchasers.

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COOPER & GREEN

No. 82 Government Street, Victoria.

(Continued from page two.)

ant functions of Speaker. Quick to take up points and firm to maintain them, you have presided with an amount of fairness and ability most creditable alike to yourself and the House, and I am quite sure you were not many days in that chair before every honorable member on both sides of the House became convinced that they had made a wise choice—that you were the right man in the right place. The session now closing is the first during which I have occupied the honorable and responsible position of leader of the House. Conscious of my many shortcomings, I desire to thank honorable gentlemen on both sides for their kind indulgence and especially those on this side for their loyal, hearty and conscientious support. In the heat of debate some acrimonious things have no doubt been said by most of us; but, speaking for myself, I can only express regret if I have hurt the feelings of any, and I can assure hon. gentlemen that I shall leave this House without hard or unfriendly feelings towards any. During the term now closing three of our number have been removed by death, and God alone knows how many of us may be spared to come back. My most hearty wish is that we may all be spared to come back to the new House and work for the good of our province ously as we have in the past. Mr. Speaker, I now move that this House at its rising do stand adjourned till 11 o'clock to-morrow forenoon.

On resuming his seat the leader of the government was loudly applauded.

Hon. Mr. Beaven, on behalf of the members of his side of the House, complimented Mr. Speaker upon the able manner in which he had discharged his important duties. He had been agreeably surprised at the knowledge which he had displayed in regulating the intricate proceedings according to parliamentary law, and all felt that in his decisions he had endeavored to do justice to both sides of the House. He wished to say briefly that he was the only member who had sat, or who had had the right to a continuous seat here since confederation. No matter how much he might have differed from his fellow members on public questions he had always felt that although he had a right to differ from them they still met as friends and gentlemen. He trusted this feeling would always continue. They could not all agree, but if they disagreed on public questions they could all agree on personal matters. He often, he admitted, said things that were acrimonious, but he felt what he said at the time. He was not able to dissemble. But if he had said things that hurt others feelings, he was very sorry, and hoped that they should always meet as friends. If he took part in the general elections he would say that he should deem it his duty as far as possible to convince the electors that it would be wise to bring about a change in the administration of public affairs. (Laughter.)

Mr. Speaker said that he felt it incumbent on him to say a few words in appreciation of and gratitude for the kind sentiments which had fallen from the leaders of both parties. That he had done his duty his conscience told him. If he had made mistakes they were errors of head not of heart. In the discharge of his duties he might say that he had been buoyed up and sustained by the members of both sides, who had equally helped him, having been a lamp to his feet and a light to his path. He also thanked them for the manner in which they had sustained his decisions. He felt that in the turn of the political kaleidoscope they would not all be here again—he should be glad to see them—but if anyone were to ask him whom he should like to see left out he should reply, as did the poor woman who, when asked by some rich friends to resign one of her children to them, he should gather them all to him and say: "I should like to keep you all." He hoped to see all the members again after the next elections, and though he might not occupy the same position, he should endeavor to act his part and do his duty.

The House adjourned to meet at 11 a. m. Saturday for prorogation.

SATURDAY, April 26.

Mr. Speaker took the chair at 11 a.m.

CLOSING CEREMONY.

Among those occupying a seat on the floor of the House were the following:

Mrs. Hugh Nelson, Mrs. D. W. Higgins, Miss Higgins, Miss Pidwell, Mr. Forrest Angus, Miss Angus, Mrs. Baker, Mrs. E. W. Smith, Mrs. Orr, Mrs. Pope, Miss Pope, Mrs. Burke, Miss Armstrong, Miss Fraser, Rev. D. Fraser, Rev. F. Jenns, Rev. Dr. Reid, Rev. P. McF. Macleod, J. N. A. F. T. McDonald.

After prayer by the Rt. Rev. Bishop Cridge, Lieut.-Governor Nelson entered the assembly room, accompanied by his private secretary, Mr. Stanton, and a body guard composed of Capt. Hulton, Lieut. Col. Holmes, Major Nicholles and Capt. Benson. A guard of honor from C Battery under Major Peters was drawn up in front of the assembly building and received the representative of the Crown with the usual salute, the band playing the National Anthem.

BILLS PASSED.

His Honor having taken his seat on the dias, Mr. Felt, Clerk of the House, read the following titles of bills passed during the session to which His Honor was pleased to give his assent:

An Act to amend the Municipal Act, 1889.
An Act for establishing a Juvenile Reformatory.
An Act to amend the County Courts Act.
An Act to amend the New Westminster Act, 1888.
An Act to amend the Licenses Act.
An Act to amend the Election Regulation Amendment Act, 1889.
An Act to repeal the Small Debts Act.
An Act respecting Railways.
An Act to amend the Game Protection Act.
An Act to prevent the careless use of Fire in Woods and Forests.
An Act respecting the Vancouver Street Railways Company and the Vancouver Electric Illumination Company, Limited Liability.
An Act to amend the Coquitlam Water Works Act, 1888.
An Act to incorporate the New Westminster Street Railway Company.
An Act to amend the Crow's Nest and Kootenay Lake Railway Company Act, 1888.
An Act to incorporate the New Westminster Electric Light and Motor Power Company.
An Act to amend the Medical Act.
An Act to incorporate the Westminster and Vancouver Tramway Company.
An Act to incorporate a Company call the News-Advertiser.
An Act to incorporate the British Columbia Mills, Timber and Trading Company.
An Act to incorporate the Columbia and Carbonate Mountain Railway Company.
An Act to amend the Homestead Act.
An Act to incorporate the Pacific Coast Fire Insurance Company.
An Act to authorize and empower the National Electric Tramway and Lighting Company, Limited Liability, to construct and operate Tramways in the Districts of Victoria, North and South Saanich, Lake, Highland, Esquimalt, Sooke and Metchosin.
An Act granting the Fraser River Gold Gravels Syndicate, Limited, certain rights to mine in, under, and over six hundred acres opposite the Town of Yale.
An Act to incorporate the Okanagan and Kootenay Railway Company.
An Act to incorporate the Ashcroft and Cariboo Railway Company.
An Act to amend the Mischievous Animals Act.
The Companies Act, 1890.
The Act to amend the Cattle Ranges Act.
An Act to incorporate the British Columbia Electric Company.
An Act to incorporate the Nanaimo Telephone Company, Limited.
An Act to incorporate the London and Canadian Fire Insurance Company, Limited.
An Act to amend the Vancouver Incorporation Act, 1886, and amendments thereto.
An Act to incorporate the British Columbia Electric Company.
An Act respecting the University of British Columbia.
An Act to amend the Sheriffs' Act.
An Act respecting Assignments for the Benefit of Creditors.
An Act to incorporate the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.
An act respecting the Marking of Timber.
An Act to amend the Agricultural Societies Incorporation Act, and to encourage Horticulture.
An Act to amend the Election Regulation Act, 61 Vic., chap. 39, vol. 1, Consolidated Acts 1888,) and the Election Regulation Amendment Act, 1889.
An Act to grant certain Lands for Charitable and other purposes.
An Act to enable the Trustees of the Royal Columbia Hospital to sell certain lands, and to provide for the appropriation of the proceeds thereof.
An Act to prevent Minors from Carrying Fire-arms.
An Act relating to the Administration of the Estates of Persons Dying Intestate.
An Act to amend the Coal Mines Regulation Act.
An Act to alter and amend the Coal Mines Act.
An Act to further amend the Land Registry Act.
An Act to amend the Magistrates Act.
An Act for Quieting Titles to Real Estate.
An Act to regulate the Clearing of Rivers and Streams.
An Act in Aid of Certain Railways.
An Act to amend the Mineral Act.
An Act to amend the Provincial Controverted Elections Act.
An Act respecting the Payment of Moneys into and out of Courts.
An Act to supply a clerical defect in 52 Victoria, chap. 32, intituled An Act to incorporate the Victoria Lumber and Manufacturing Company, Limited.
An Act to amend the Land Act.
An Act to amend the Mechanics' Lien Act.
An Act to amend the Constitution Act.
An Act to further amend the Election Regulation Act.
An Act to amend the Provincial Voters' Act.

Mr. Speaker Higgins addressed His Honor, assuring him of the unfeigned devotion of the Assemply to Her Majesty's person and Government, and presented a bill granting sums of money for the public service.

His Honor having accepted the supply bill, and thanked the Assembly, was pleased to deliver the following speech:

THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

In relieving you from further attendance at this the last Session of the Fifth Parliament, I desire to express the pleasure which I have experienced in my intercourse with you.

I must congratulate you upon the marked advancement made by the country during the term of your service, which may in a great measure be attributed to wise legislation and the liberal grants you have made for the prosecution of useful works and the encouragement of important industries.

There is every reason to anticipate that the many liberal and important measures to which I have just assented will tend still further to promote the prosperity of our Province. Especially is there reason to hope that the liberal aid and encouragement given to railway construction in the interior will operate as a stimulus to the development of the great mineral wealth and the settlement of the fertile lands.

It is gratifying to know that at last actual work has commenced on the Shuswap & Okanagan and the Columbia & Kootenay railways.

The arrangements which my ministers have succeeded in making with the Dominion Government for the sole administration by the Province of the precious and baser metals within the railway belt will, it is confidently anticipated, tend to stimulate the mining industry in that territory.

The liberal provision you have made for exploration and surveys throughout the country cannot fail to exert an important influence upon immigration and settlement, and will result in making the resources and attractions of the Province better known, both at home and abroad, and enable immigrants to find desirable homesteads without difficulty.

The amendment to the Constitution, as a partial and temporary measure, could hardly be expected to meet the wishes and expectations of every community. I hope, however, that it will ultimately commend itself to all as the best measure that could be adopted under the circumstances.

I thank you for the generous grants you have made for the ensuing year, and expenditure of which will, I assure you, be made with due regard to economy and the public interest.

In now taking leave of you, at the close of this your last session, I desire to assure you of my best wishes for your welfare, and I congratulate you upon retiring from the arduous labors of a protracted session with the consciousness of having, at no slight personal sacrifice, rendered valuable service to your country.

His Honor and body guard withdrew, and this ended the fourth session of the fifth parliament.

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The only Transcontinental Line
RUNNING
SOLID TRAINS
FROM PACIFIC TO ATLANTIC COAST
CONSISTING OF
Palace, Sleeping and Parlor Cars, Elegant Day Coaches, Luxurious Dining Cars, Commodious Colonist Sleepers—the latter free.

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To St. Paul, Chicago, Detroit, Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St. John, New York, Boston, Portland, and all points in the United States and Canada, can be purchased at less rate than via any other line.
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A. CAMERON,
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Government street, Victoria, B. C.
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Asst. Gen. Agt. and Pass. Agent,
Vancouver. mh10

FOR PORT ANGELES
The fast and commodious steamer
EVANGEL
Carrying U. S. mails, leaves Port Townsend every
MONDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY,
At 9 o'clock (Mondays and Thursdays through to Neah Bay) calling at New Dungeness, Port Angeles, Crescent Bay, Lyre River, Twin River, Pysht, Clallam Bay and Neah Bay, Returning Tuesday through to Seattle, Saturday to Port Angeles and return.
Through Conveyance for Port Angeles made at Port Townsend with boats from Victoria on Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
nov18tf MORGAN & MANN, Owners.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY
CARRYING UNITED States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,
FOR HONOLULU
S.S. AUSTRALIA (2,000 tons)
.....FRIDAY, April 25, 1890, 12 m.
For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney, Without Change.
The Splendid New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer
MARIPOSA.....SATURDAY, May 24, 1890, 12 m., or immediately on arrival of the English mails.
For Freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.
JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS.
General Agents.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
COLWOOD LIME
75 cts per barrel.
ATKINS & SON
COLWOOD, B. C. ap23-1w

NOTICE.
TO OWNERS OF DOGS:
OWING TO THE DEPREDATIONS OF dogs at Cloverdale Farm, Poison is laid over the premises.
All dogs trespassing unaccompanied by owners will be destroyed.
ap23-1m J. W. TOLMIE.

THE CELEBRATED FRENCH CURE.
Warranted to cure "APHRODITINE" or money refunded.
IS SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE
to cure any form of nervous disease, or disorder of the generative or sexual system, whether arising from the excessive use of stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through Indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.
BEFORE AFTER
A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address
THE APHRO MEDICINE CO.
WESTERN BRANCH,
Box 27, PORTLAND, OR.
SOLD BY E. C. KELLOGG, DRUGGIST,
Corner of Douglas and Yates streets,
nov26eodw-1y Sole Wholesale Agent Victoria.

NOTICE.
ANDREW TOLMIE having leased the premises occupied by me for so many years at 45 and 47 Yates street, will carry on the business in conjunction with Duncan Stewart, under the name of
TOLMIE & STEWART,
and by a careful selection of liquors and strict attention to business will keep up the well established reputation of the house.
Thanking my friends for their patronage in the past, I would request a continuation of the same for my successors
JOHN BOYD.
Several comfortable furnished rooms to let on reasonable terms. ap8-1m

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WHITE HOUSE
JUST RECEIVED
Cotton Pongees,
Zephyrs,
Printed Lawns.
DRESSMAKING
A Perfect Fit Guaranteed.
Henry Young & Co.
ap22

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Real Estate
AND
Financial Broker.
CITY PROPERTY a SPECIALTY
Some choice lots on very easy terms in the following parts of the city:
James Bay
Work Estate,
Spring Ridge,
Gorge Road,
Saanich Road,
Victoria East,
Fernwood Estate.
Interest and Rents
COLLECTED.
AND
Returns made Promptly.
CONVEYANCING
In all its branches
Executed expeditiously and carefully.
Fire and Life Insurance at Current Rates.
Money to Loan
AT A LOW RATE OF INTEREST.
We do not DISPARAGE the business of our CONFRERES to build up a business,—but our dealings speaks for themselves.
51 Yates Street.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION.
A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS' TEST. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Memory, Dizziness and Sleeplessness, Pain in Back, Poor Memory, Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Nervous Headache, Wakefulness, Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Loss of Power, Impure Blood, Wasting in Children, Hysteria, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by Alcohol or Tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, Premature Old Age, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by Over-exertion, Sleeplessness, Depression, Epilepsy, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia,

CHAPTER I.

IN WHICH THE NORTH POLAR PRACTICAL ASSOCIATION BUSHES A DOCUMENT ACROSS TWO WORLDS.

"WHEN, Mr. Maston, you pretend that a woman has never been able to make mathematical or experimental-science progress?"

"To my extreme regret, I am obliged to, Mrs. Scorbitt," answered J. T. Maston. "That there have been some very remarkable women in mathematics, especially in Russia, I fully and willingly agree with you. But, with her cerebral conformation, she can not become an Archimedes, much less a Newton."

"Oh, Mr. Maston, allow me to protest in the name of my sex."

"A sex, Mrs. Scorbitt, much too charming to give itself up to the higher studies."

"Well, then, according to your opinion, no woman seeing an apple fall could have discovered the law of universal gravitation, so that it would have made her the most illustrious scientific person of the seventeenth century?"

"In seeing an apple fall, Mrs. Scorbitt, a woman would have but the single idea—to eat it—for example, our mother Eve."

"Pshaw! I see very well that you deny us all aptitude for high speculation."

"All aptitude? No, Mrs. Scorbitt, and in the meanwhile I would like to prove to you that since there are inhabitants on the earth, and consequently women, there has not one feminine brain been found yet to which we owe any discoveries like those of Aristotle, Euclid, Kepler, Laplace, etc."

"Is this a reason? and does the past always prove the future?"

"Well, a person who has done nothing in a thousand years, without a doubt never will do any thing."

"I see now that I have to take our part, Mr. Maston, and that we are not worth much."

"In regard to being worth something—" began Mr. Maston, with as much politeness as he could command.

But Mrs. Evangelina Scorbitt, who was perfectly willing to be satisfied, answered promptly: "Each one has his or her lot in this world. You may remain the extraordinary calculator which you

"I SEE NOW THAT I HAVE TO TAKE OUR PART."

are, give yourself up entirely to the immense work to which your friends and yourself will devote their existence. I will be the woman in the case and bring to it my pecuniary assistance."

"And we will owe you an eternal gratitude," answered Mr. Maston.

Mrs. Evangelina Scorbitt blushed deliciously, for she felt, according to report, a singular sympathy for J. T. Maston. Besides, is not the heart of a woman an unfathomable gulf?

It was really an immense undertaking to which this rich American widow had resolved to devote large sums of money.

The scheme and its expected results, briefly outlined, were as follows:

The Arctic regions, accurately expressed, include, according to Malte-brun, Reclus, Saint-Martin and other high authorities on geography:

1. The northern Devon, including the ice-covered islands of Baffin's Sea and Lancaster Sound.

2. The northern Georgia, made up of banks and numerous islands, such as the islands of Sabine, Byam-Martin, Griffith, Cornwallis and Bathurst.

3. The archipelago of Baffin-Parry, including different parts of the circumpolar continent, embracing Cumberland, Southampton, James-Sommerset, Boothia-Felix, Melville and other parts nearly unknown. Of this great area, crossed by the 78th parallel, there are over 1,400,000 square miles of land and over 700,000 square miles of water.

Within this area intrepid modern discoverers have advanced to the 84th degree of latitude, reaching seacoasts lost behind the high chain of icebergs which may be called the Arctic Highlands, given names to capes, to mountains, to gulfs, to bays, etc. But beyond this 84th degree is mystery. It is the terra incognita of the chart-makers, and nobody knows as yet whether behind is hidden land or water for a distance of 6 degrees over impassable heaps of ice to the North Pole.

It was in the year 189— that the Government of the United States conceived the idea of putting the as yet undiscovered countries around the North Pole up at auction sale, and an American society had just been formed with the plan of purchasing this Arctic area and had asked the concession.

For several years, it is true, the conference at Berlin had formulated a special plan for the guidance of such of the great powers as might wish to appropriate rights under the claim of colonization or the opening of commercial markets. This code was not acceptable to all, and the Polar region had remained without inhabitants. As that which belongs to none belongs to every one, the new society did not wish merely to occupy it, but to purchase it outright, and so avoid further claims.

There never is in the United States any project so bold as not to find people to regard it as practical and back it with large amounts of money. This was well shown a few years ago when the gun club of Baltimore tried to send a projectile to the moon, hoping to obtain a direct communication with our satellite. Was it not enterprising Americans who furnished funds for this undertaking? Large amounts were necessary for this interesting trial and were promptly found. And, had it been realized, would we not have to thank the members of that club who had dared to take the risk of this superhuman experience?

Should a Lesseps propose to dig a channel across Europe to Asia, from the banks of the Atlantic to the waters of China; should a well-sinker offer to bore from the curbstones to reach the beds of molten silicates to bring a supply to your fire-places; should an enterprising electrician want to unite the scattered currents over the surface of the globe into one inexhaustible spring of heat and light; should a bold engineer conceive the idea of putting the excess of summer temperature into large reservoirs for use during the winter in our then frigid zones; should an anonymous society be founded to do any of a hundred different similar things, there would be found Americans ready to head the subscription lists and a regular stream of dollars would pour into the company's safes as freely as the rivers of America flow to the ocean.

It is natural to expect that opinions were very varied when the news spread that the Arctic region was going to be sold at auction for the benefit of the highest and final bidder, particularly when no public subscription list was started in view of this purchase, as the capital had all been secured beforehand.

To use the Arctic region? Why, such an idea could "only be found in the brain of a fool," was the general verdict.

Nothing, however, was more serious than this project. A prospectus was sent to the papers of the two continents, to the European publications, to the African, Oceanic, Asiatic, and at the same time to the American journals. The American newspaper announcement read as follows:

To the Inhabitants of the Globe:

The Arctic region situated within the 84th degree could not heretofore have been sold at auction for the very excellent reason that it had not been discovered as yet.

The extreme points reached by navigators of different countries are the following:

Eighty-two degrees, 45 minutes, reached by the English explorer, Parry, in July, 1827, on the 28th meridian, west to the north of Spitzberg.

Eighty-three degrees, 20 minutes, 28 seconds, reached by Markham with the English Expedition of Sir John Georges Nares in May, 1876, on the 36th meridian, west to the north of Grinnell Land.

Eighty-three degrees, 35 minutes latitude, reached by Lockwood and Brainard, of the American expedition under Lieutenant Greely in May, 1882, on the 42d meridian, west, in the north of Nares Land.

The property extending from the 84th parallel to the pole on a surface of six degrees must be considered as undivided domain among the different states of the globe and not liable to be transformed into private property through a public auction sale.

No one is compelled to live in this section, and the United States, relying on this non-ownership, has resolved to provide for the settlement and use of the domain. A company has been founded at Baltimore under the name of the North Polar Practical Association, representing officially the American Union. This company intends to purchase the said country according to the common law, which should then give them an absolute right of proprietorship to the continent, islands, inlets, waters, rivers, etc.; in fact, of every thing of which the Arctic region is composed. It is well understood by the law of nations that this title of proprietorship can not be touched under any circumstances, no matter what shall happen.

These conditions having been laid before all the powers, the Arctic region is to be sold at public auction for the benefit of the highest and last bidder. The date of the sale is set for the 31 of December of the current year, in the Auction Hall at Baltimore, Md., United States of America.

Address for information Mr. W. S. Forster, Temporary Agent for the North Polar Practical Association, 93 High street, Baltimore.

The reader may imagine how this communication was received by the public at large. Most people considered it as an absurd idea. Some only saw in it a sample of characteristic American humbug. Others thought that the proposition deserved to be fairly considered, and they pointed to the fact that the newly-founded company did not in any way appeal to the public for pecuniary help, but was willing to do every thing with its own capital. It was with its own money that it wanted to purchase the Arctic region. The promoters did not try to put gold, silver and bank notes into their pockets and keep them for their own benefit. No, they only asked permission to pay for the land with their own money.

Some people who claimed to know said that the company could have gone to work and taken possession of the country without any further ceremony, as it was their right as first occupants. But that is just where the difficulty came in, because until this time the Pole seemed to be forbidden ground to any one. Therefore, in case the United States should give possession of the country, the company wanted a regular title to it without trouble about the matter in the future. It was unjust to blame them in any way, as in such an affair too many precautions can not be taken. Besides, the circular had a paragraph which provided for all future chances. This paragraph was capable of so many interpretations that the exact meaning of it could not be rendered even by those who studied it closely. It was stipulated that the right of proprietorship should not depend upon any chances or changes in the country, no matter whether these changes were in the position or climate of the country.

What did this phrase mean? How could there ever be any changes in the geography or meteorology of a country which were not then plain, especially in a country like this one to be sold at auction? "Evidently," said some shrewd

"THE DATE IS SET FOR DEC. 3D."

ones, "there must be something behind it."

The commentators had free swing and exercised it with a will. One paper in Philadelphia published the following pleasant notice:

Undoubtedly the future purchasers of the Arctic region have information that a land stone comet will strike this world under such conditions that its blow will produce geographic and meteorologic changes such as the purchasers of the Arctic region will profit by.

The idea of a blow with a hard stone planet was not accepted by serious people. In any case it was not likely that the would-be purchasers would have been informed of such a coming event.

"Perhaps," said a New Orleans newspaper, "the new company thinks the precession of the equinox will in time favor the conditions likely to lead to the utilization of this domain."

"And why not? Because this movement modifies the direction of the axis of our spheroid," observed another correspondent.

"Really," answered the Scientific Review, of Paris. "As Adhemar has predicted in his book on the ocean currents, the precession of the equinox, combined with the movement of the earth's axis, will be such as to modify in a long period the average temperature of the different parts of the earth and in the quantities of ice accumulated around the two poles."

"This is not certain," replied the Edinburgh Review, "and, besides, supposing that this would be the case, is not a lapse of twelve thousand years necessary before Vega becomes our Polar star in consequence of this movement and the situation of the Arctic territory consequently changed in regard to its climate?"

"Well," said the Copenhagen Dadblat, "in twelve thousand years it will be time to make preparations, and before that time risk nothing—not even a cent."

It was possible that the Scientific Review was right with Adhemar. It was also very probable that the North Polar Practical Association had never counted on the modification of climate due to the precession of the equinox. In fact, nobody had clearly discovered what this last paragraph in the circular meant nor what kind of change it had in view.

Perhaps to know it it would suffice to write to the secretary of the new society, or particularly its president. But the president was unknown. Unknown as much as the secretary and all other members of the council. It was not even known where the document came from. It was brought to the offices of the New York newspapers by a certain William S. Forster, a codfish dealer of Baltimore, a member of the house of Ardrinell & Co. Every thing was so quiet and mysterious in the matter that the best reporters could not make out what it was all about.

This North Polar Association had been so anonymous that it was impossible even to give it a definite name.

If, however, the promoters of this speculation persisted in making their personnel an absolute mystery, their intention was clearly indicated by the document spread before the public of two worlds.

Really, after all, the question was the purchase of that part of the Arctic regions bounded by the 84th degree, and of which the North Pole was the central point. Nothing very exact concerning this region was known. The modern discoverers who had been nearest to this parallel were Parry, Marckham, Lockwood and Brainard. In regard to the other navigators of the northern seas they stopped far short of the above-mentioned point—such as Payer, 1874, to 82 degrees 15 minutes north of the land of Francis Joseph, of New Zemble; Le Out, in 1870, to 73 degrees 74 minutes above Siberia; De Long in the Jeannette expedition, in 1879, to 78 degrees 45 minutes around the islands which bear his name. Others went around New Siberia and Greenland to the end of the Cape Bismarck, but had not passed the 76th, 77th or 78th degree of latitude. The North Polar Practical Association wanted, then, a country which had never been touched before by mankind or discoverers, and which was absolutely uninhabited.

The length of this portion of the globe surrounded by the 84th degree, extending from the 84th to the 90th, making six degrees, which at sixty miles each make a radius of 360 miles and a diameter of 720 miles. The circumference, therefore, is 2,260 miles and the surface 407 miles. This is about the tenth part of the whole of Europe. A very desirable slice of land indeed. The document, as we have seen, also stated that these regions were not yet known geographically, belonged to no one and therefore belonged to every one. But it could be foreseen that the adjoining States at least would consider these regions as the prolongation of their own possession towards the North and would consequently claim the right of ownership. Their pretensions would have more justice than those of discoverers who operated upon the whole of the Arctic countries and made explorations only for the glory of their own nation. The Federal Government represented in the new society, intended to make their rights valuable and to indemnify them for the price of their purchase. However it was the partisans of the North Polar Practical Association did not announce; the proprietorship was clear, and nobody being compelled to live there could object to the auction sale of this vast domain.

The countries whose rights were absolutely established as much as those of any countries could be were six in number—America, England, Russia, Denmark, Sweden-Norway and Holland.

Other countries could claim discoveries made by their mariners and their travelers.

France could interfere because some of her children had taken part in the expeditions sent out to conquer the territories around the pole.

Among others the courageous Bellot, who died in 1853, in the islands of Beechey, during the Phoenix expedition sent in search of Sir John Franklin. Nor must one forget Dr. Octave Pavy, who died in 1884, near Cape Sabine, while the Greely mission was at Fort Conger. And the expedition which, in 1838-39, had gone to the Sea of Spitzberg with Charles Marmier, Bravais and his courageous companions, would it not be unfair to forget them? But despite all this France did not care to interfere in this commercial rather than scientific matter and she abandoned all her rights for a share of the Polar pie. The same of Germany. It had sent since 1671 the Hamburg expedition of Frederic Martens to the Spitzenberg, and in 1869 and '70 the expeditions of the Germania and of the Hansa, commanded by Koldervey and Hegeman, which went as far as Cape Bismarck by going along the coast of Greenland. But even if they had made so many brilliant discoveries they did not care to add a piece of the Polar empire to that of Germany. The same was true with Austria, which was already possessor of the land of Francis Joseph, situated north of Siberia.

In regard to Italy having no right to interfere, she did not interfere at all; which is as strange as it is true. Then, also, there were the Esquimaux, which are at home in those places, and the inhabitants of Greenland, of Labrador, of Baffin's archipelago and of the Aleutian Islands, situated between Asia and America, and also the tribe of Tchouktchis, who inhabited the old Russian Alaska and who became Americans in 1867. These people, in reality the real aborigines, had nothing at all to say about the matter. And how could these poor wretches have said any thing, as they did not even have any sum of money, no matter how small, with which

TO AMERICANS BELONGS THE HONOR OF REACHING THE POLE.

to pay for the land which the North Polar Practical Association was going to buy. Perhaps they could have paid a small sum by giving skins, teeth or oil, and yet the land belonged to them more than to any others, as they were the first occupants of this domain which was going to be sold on auction. But the Esquimaux, the Tchouktchis, the Samoyedes were not consulted at all. So runs the world.

A bond of fellowship—Sweet Caporals.

One dollar will buy a box of dozen bars of Pendray's White Castile Soap.

The returns, up to the hour of going to press will be published daily, in the Great Chair Contest, so that every one may know how their pastor stands on the list.

Coal News.

Coal at Vancouver has been raised to $9 per ton while in Victoria it remains at the same old price. The Central Coal Yard and the Rock Bay Coal Yard have been merged into one and hereafter will be carried on under the name of the Central Coal Yard. Orders to be left at 90½ Government street.

Living in a Fool's Paradise.

Many neglect slight symptoms of disease, hoping that nature will restore health. True, nature will aid, but she must also be aided by using Burdock Blood Bitters, from one to two bottles of which is sufficient to cure any ordinary case of impure blood, constipation, dyspepsia, liver complaint, kidney complaint, debility, etc.

HOUSES, -- LOTS, -- ACRES,

—FOR SALE.—

Very choice piece of Building land—about one acre—near Douglas street, about 200 feet from tramway.

In South Saanich.—100 acres Farming and. Very choice land.

Mansion on Michigan Street.

Two-storey Dwelling, and 2 Cottages and lot, also lot adjoining, on Pembroke street.

Two-storey Dwelling House and two lots, on King's road.

One building Lot on Hillside avenue.

Town lot 24 and Cottage, Esquimalt.

200 acres fine timber land in Esquimalt District.

100 acres do. do. do.

355 acres very choice Land in Esquimalt District, suitable for residential purposes, and within half a mile of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo R.R. station.

Three acres very choice garden land in Victoria District, within two miles from city post office.

Splendid corner Lot and Dwelling House on Douglas street.

In Lake District, 123 acres timber land.

In South Saanich District, 250 acres choice bottom land.

Also 100 acres farming land south of Prairie Tavern.

To lease,—90 feet on Fort street, for a long time, on easy terms. A great bargain.

All the above properties will be sold on easy terms.

For particulars apply to—

H. F. Heisterman & Co,
Land Agents, - - - 8 Bastion Square.

Agents for the Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York.
" " Phoenix (Fire) Insurance Co.
" " Western Fire Assurance Co. m10

J. P. MATTHEWS & Co.

No. 69, Cor. Fort and Douglas Sts.

Knowing the Public do make an effort to buy Groceries as cheap as possible, and we being unable to sell goods as cheap for credit as for cash, have decided to sell, on the first of May next, our Goods for Cash. We will for the balance of this month make the following offer for cash:

104 lbs Granulated SUGAR	$1 00	3 lbs Good Ground COFFEE	$1 00
14 lbs Coffee SUGAR	1 00	3 tins SALMON	1 00
CODS, per tin 15 cents, or 7 for	1 00	Albert SARDINES, ¼ c., 6 for	1 00
TOMATOES, 3 lbs for	50	5 tins C. & B. MARMALADE	1 00
REINDEER MILK, 6 tins for	1 00	2 pkgs. CORN STARCH	25
5 lb box Good BLACK TEA	1 50	7 cakes Dingman's SOAP	50
1 5-lb pkg. Price CANDLES	90	5 pckts. PEARLINE	1 00
1 sack Island POTATOES	2 25	1 Fearman's HAMS, per lb	15
SAGO, 12 lbs for	1 00	20 lbs BEANS	1 00
TAPIOCA, 12 lbs for	1 00	C. & B. JAMS, 1 lb tins	20
FLOUR, Hungarian, per bbl.	6 50	10 lbs Valencia RAISINS	1 00
Do. Snowflake	5 25	Rolled BACON, per lb	12

3 tins Corned BEEF ..... 90 cents.

apl1-1m J. P. Matthews & Co.

THERE IS A TIDE

"In the affairs of men, which
Taken at the flood,
Leads—on to fortune."

It is flood tide with us at present, for our Stock is Complete and prices low.

PEOPLE'S
BOOT AND SHOE STORE,
103 Government St.

JNO. FULLERTON.
aug13

NEW GOODS FOR SPRING.

BABY CARRIAGES; a beautiful line just opened.
LANCASTER WINDOW SHADING;
Some new patterns.

CARPETS, LINOLEUMS, CURTAIN POLES, WALLPAPER,
And Antique Furnishings constantly arriving.

LINCRUSTA WALTON,
The most popular of all wall decorations. Also
Largest Stock of Furniture of all kinds, Crockery, Glassware, Lamps and general House Furnishing Goods, in the Province, at

JOHN WEILER'S
Showrooms, 51 to 55 Fort St. - - - Factory, Humbolt St.

FISH'S

COMPOUND

EXTRACT

SARSAPARILLA AND OREGON GRAPE

FOR THE

LIVER AND BLOOD

The Best Spring Medicine Known

(Compounded solely from herbs.)

THOMAS FISH, Herbalist and Chemist
86 BLANCHARD STREET, BETWEEN PANDORA AND JOHNSON.
Pupil of the late Saml. Jno. Stratford, M.D., M.R.C.S., Eng.
Over 30 years experience in medicines.

JOHN T. PIERRE,

MERCHANT TAILOR AND DYER.
Clothes Made to Order,
CLEANED, DYED AND REPAIRED.
A Fine Stock of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS
JUST RECEIVED. SEE THEM.

N. B.—Having secured fine workmen from San Francisco, I am better prepared than ever to give satisfaction in every respect. mh28-1m

ROBBERS AT WORK.

A Window Smashed and Indian Curios Stolen This Morning.

About half past two o'clock this morning, the clothing store of Mr. J. Isaacs, situated on the corner of Johnson street and Waddington alley, was robbed of Indian curios valued at $25. The thieves went to work in a very open manner, deliberately smashing a large pane of glass in the front of the store. After accomplishing this it was easy work for them to slip ther hands in and reach a shelf, which was a narrow board extending across the front of the window on which the curios were placed for display, and purloin a number, too numerous to mention, and escape undetected. Mr. Isaacs and family sleep directly above where the window pane was smashed, but heard nothing. Mr. Willy, a baker next door, heard smashing of glass about the hour the robbery occurred, but paid no attention to it, saying that it was a common occurrence in the neighborhood.

NELSON CITY.

A Sawmill on the Way to the New Town—Work in Progress.

Mr. Kane, with Messrs. Nicholles & Renouf, left on Monday to erect the sawmill for the Nelson City Improvement Company. The first shipment of 28,000 pounds of machinery has arrived at Kootenay station, Idaho, and is now on its way to Nelson City. Two other car loads are now en route for the same destination from the Waterous Co., and the probability is that early in June the mill will be running. The mill building will be 40 by 80 feet, and will be supplied with a complete outfit of first class machinery, capable of turning out about 50,000 feet of lumber daily. The Improvement Company intend to erect a boarding house for their employees, also a boarding house containing about twenty bed rooms, and later will build a three story hotel having forty bedrooms. The owners of property on the east side of Nelson avenue will lay an eight foot sidewalk from the wharf on the north end along its entire length to Anderson street. Nelson avenue has been graded and bridged, and all the streets have been cleared.

The mill will likely be kept busy during the entire season, as there will be a good demand for lumber for building purposes. Victorians, as usual in all Provincial enterprises, are aiding Kootenay district in its development. The Nelson City Improvement Company is composed wholly of Victorians.

"Tales of Western Life."

It would be difficult to compress within such narrow limits greater extremes of good and bad than are to be found in his, Mr. Pocock's, first published work. It is full of energy, of daring originality, and it is perfectly sincere and truthful. And yet the style is very uneven, the themes condensed even painfully, and many false notes are struck in the description of character. As stated in the preface, every scene has been taken directly from life, and there are masterly sketches of scenes during the C. P. Railway construction days on Lake Superior, and of the Northwest Territories as they are to-day. Many of the stories are about the Mounted Police, and very pleasant reading some of them are. Mr. Pocock was himself in the service, and was disabled for life during the Northwest rebellion. On the whole, we can cheerfully recommend "Tales of Western Life." If they are not the outgrowth of a master hand they at least include a keen appreciation of picturesque surroundings, and augur for the author as he shall mature a descriptive faculty not unlike some of the most noted western writers.

DAVIE'S "COMBINATION."

And do the papers join to steal!
O, Davie!
And is't to you one makes appeal?
O, Davie!
You recollect about King Log—
A good-for-nothing, worthless dog—
As lazy as a well-fed hog,
O, Davie!

Yet King Log does not meet your case,
O, Davie!
He never moved from off his base,
O, Davie!
But lawyers are of different mould,
They make pretences very bold;
And frequent are their clients cold,
O, Davie!

Yet are you not much like King Stork,
O, Davie!
Who swallow'd all—'twas not hard work—
O, Davie!
Do not you lawyers, too, combine,
To put up charges all the time,
And keep yourselves in fettling?
O, Davie!

Mind your own business, limb of law,
O, Davie!—
This is by no means a bad saw—
O, Davie!
If you've the papers on your back,
They'll put you on a painful rack;
You certainly will get the sack
O, Davie!

What will Vancouver say to you?
O, Davie!
Twill make you sorely tame,
O, Davie!
The journals are a bitter crew,
They'll leave you in a boiling stew,
While Cowichan won't stand by you,
O, Davie!

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

If you want a real good shine with neatness and dispatch, go to Fred J. Richards, the champion shoe black, at his new stand in Whittaker's barber shop. The best shine in the city. Open from 7 a. m. until 8 p. m.; Sundays, 7 a. m., to 12 noon. Late of San Francisco.

Aspinall's Enamel for renovating and beautifying everything (150 colors). No house should be without it. 50 cts. per tin. Adderley, 115 Government St.

You should secure a lot in Fernwood. Beautiful residential property. Enquire of the leading estate agents.

Sweet Caponds are packed in tens and twenties.

Suits to order, large range of patterns, $25. Gilmore & McCandless.

Every copy of the TIMES contains one vote for the arm-chair.

Amicably Settled.

The strike of printers on the Seattle Times has been amicably settled, the Union men having conceded some points, while the employers have met the men in a liberal spirit.

Natural History Ramble.

The Natural History Society met for a ramble at half past two this afternoon and took a course over toward Macaulay's Point, where many interesting features were discovered. A meeting will be held on Monday, when matters of interest will come up.

Dr. Renwick's Condition.

Dr. Renwick, who met with an accident some days ago, whereby one of his legs was fractured by a fall, is resting fairly easy. His medical attendants believe he will pull through, though great care and attention is necessary. Yesterday the injured limb was subjected to an operation.

Somebody

Will receive one hundred dollars as a reward for having purchased their spring clothing cheaper and better than they could have purchased it anywhere else, or in other words somebody will win the first prize at Russell McDonald & Co., opposite the Iron church, Douglas street, on June the 26th next.

A Dusty Run.

An alarm of fire was sent in about 7:30 last evening from the Royal Hospital. The department turned out, and after a dusty run up to the head of Pandora street, found that the cause of the alarm was a slight blaze on the roof which had been extinguished by a few buckets of water. Fire alarms have been rather frequent of late, but so far the damage has been very slight.

A Grand Potlach.

Chief Clennquot, of the Cowichan tribe of Indians, is on a tour of all the reserves in British Columbia and Washington, to invite the Siwashes from far and near to attend a grand potlach to be held in Cowichan some time in May. The potlach is to be given in honor of Her Majesty's birthday, but will not be held on the 24th. The programme is to consist of canoe and foot racing, jumping, etc., for which the chief has offered $300 in prizes; the farmers of the district also intend contributing to the fund. This potlach will be different to the usual ones, which generally consist of giving presents and drinking.

A New Industry.

There arrived yesterday by train, says Westminster Truth, from the well known machinery manufacturing firm of Goldie & McCulloch, Galt, Ontario, consigned to Messrs. F. G. Strickland & Co., of this city, one of Wheelock's automatic cut-off engines of 40-horse power. It was ordered for Messrs. Knight Brothers, of Popcum, who are building and equipping an establishment for the manufacture of "excelsior," the grinding of wood up into fibre similar to hair, which is used very extensively by upholsterers in the filling of mattresses, bolsters, lounges, chairs, etc. Heretofore this commodity has been obtained exclusively from the larger cities on the American side, subject to a very high duty. The Messrs. Knight have a fine forest of cottonwood trees near Popcum, which is considered the best timber for the manufacture of "excelsior," and when their mill gets in running order, will be able to turn out enough to at least supply the local market, and at much reduced prices from those now paid.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

ISABEL

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th, '89,

Until further notice,

The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows:

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo.....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or passage apply on board. oct7

Esquimalt & Nanaimo RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE No. 11

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Tuesday, October 15th, 1889.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING SOUTH (READ UP).	No. 3 Passenger Mixed only	No. 1 Passenger Daily	No. 5 Passenger Saturdays only	STATIONS.	No. 2 Passenger Daily	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays only	No. 6 Passenger Saturdays only	GOING NORTH (READ DOWN).
	Ar.	Ar.	P. M.		Ar.	Ar.	P. M.	
	5.50	1.20	7.15	VICTORIA	8.30	2.30	10.00	
	6.01	1.30	7.26	Esquimalt & Jct.	8.19	2.19	9.49	
	6.04	1.35	7.29	Colwood	8.16	2.16	9.46	
	6.10	1.42	7.35	Langford	8.10	2.10	9.40	
	6.14	1.46	7.39	Goldstream	8.06	2.06	9.36	
	6.24	1.56	7.49	Shawnigan Lake	7.56	1.56	9.26	
	6.40	2.12	8.05	Cobble Hill	7.40	1.40	9.10	
	6.47	2.19	8.12	McPhillips	7.33	1.33	9.03	
	6.54	2.26	8.19	Koksilah	7.26	1.26	8.56	
	7.00	2.32	8.25	Duncans	7.20	1.20	8.50	
	7.15	2.45	8.40	Chemainus	7.05	1.05	8.35	
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	
	7.15	2.45	8.40	NANAIMO	7.05	1.05	8.35	
	Ar.	Ar.	Lv.		Lv.	Lv.	Lv.	
	7.00	2.30	8.25	WELLINGTON	7.20	1.20	8.50	

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a single fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and points East, on application to

A. L. UNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. S. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Pass Agent. oct14

G. A. McTAVISH

Has at his store

-::- ON PARK ROAD -::-

A choice assortment of

VEGETABLE

AND

FLOWER SEEDS.

Pansy Seed of the very best strain procurable, personally selected while in Scotland from the stock of the largest Prize Winner in Great Britain.

Special Prizes will be offered at the Fall Exhibition of the B. C. Agricultural Society for the best flowers raised from this seed.

STORE AND NURSERY,

PARK ROAD, VICTORIA

ESTATE OF F. H. ROBSON

Of Kamloops,

IN LIQUIDATION.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED up to Thursday, the 15th day of May, for the purchase of the following undermentioned property belonging to the above estate, viz:—

1st.—Stock of merchandise and furniture in store, a complete list of which can be seen at the office of the undersigned, or on the premises at Kamloops.

2nd.—Store building, including fixtures, and lot upon which it is situated, being Lot 8, Block 20, town of Kamloops.

3rd.—For corner lot in Block 4, 100 ft. x 256 ft. fronting on three streets, with frontage of 256 feet on First Avenue, Kamloops.

A separate tender is requested for each of the properties enumerated.

For further information apply to the undersigned, or to Mr. W. C. Martin, at present in charge of the premises.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

H. P. RITHET,
Assignee for the estate.

Victoria, B. C., 21st April, 1890. ap22d

H. F. VERRINDER,

M.D., D.D.S., L.D.S.,

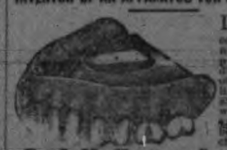
Dental and Oral Surgeon.

Implantation of natural teeth, and crown and bridge work a specialty.

NEW ENAMELLED PLATES FOR ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

Office, 73 Government St., Victoria, B.C. feb14

INVENTOR OF AN APPARATUS FOR CLEFT PALATE.



IF you need artificial Teeth, come and insert my improved plates. They differ from all others. They are like natural ones, and will not drop while eating or speaking. The best is always the cheapest.

Dr S. M. Hartman, Dentist, Office, 61 Government street.

LEGAL NOTICES.

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Part of Subdivision Lot 5 and another part (2 acres) of section XXXII Esquimalt District.

A CERTIFICATE of INDEFEASIBLE TITLE to the above lands will be issued to George Thomson on the 26th day of July, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lands or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry office,
Victoria, 10th April, 1890. ap10-3m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lot 23 in the City of Victoria.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I shall register the above lot in the name of Robert Purvis McLennan and Edward John McFeely as owners, in fee, as tenants in common, in pursuance of an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, made on the 28th day of March 1890, by the Hon. Mr. Justice Drake, unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing within three months from the date hereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry office
Victoria, 2nd April, 1890. ap2-3m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lots 428, 831, 832, 833, 888, and 889 in the City of Victoria.

CERTIFICATES of Indefeasible Title to the above lots will be issued to Thomas Aikenhead on the 14th day of May, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lots, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria,
12th February, 1890. feb12-3m

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Part of Section 20 Range VIII, Quamichan District.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE TITLE to a portion of the above mentioned section will be issued to Henry Fry, junior, on the 16th day of July, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in such portion of said section or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry office,
Victoria, 16th April, 1890. ap16-3m

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

AND

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California, to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations, etc., call upon or address

THOS. A. GRAHAM,
Dist. Pass. Agent,
No. 110 South 15th St., Tacoma, Wash.

E. P. ROGERS,
Asst. Gen. Pat. & Pass. Agt. df.

THE WESTSIDE,

GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

We believe Truth is the Corner Stone

To-day of permanently profitable advertising. Whatever statements are made must be backed up by merit.

It is useless to say we have goods at such and such a price unless we really have them.

It is no good to say they are cheap unless we are sure such is the fact.

The experience gained during a long period in the Dry Goods business, together with ample facilities, enables us to sell first-class goods as low, if not lower, than any other house (we make no exception whatever).

We are convinced that our stock for the Spring exceeds any heretofore offered, and, confident of our ability to give satisfaction, we respectfully solicit your patronage.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

THE WESTSIDE.

THE WESTSIDE

GLOVES AND HOSIERY.

By Express TO-DAY we received Spring assortment of the celebrated Alexandre Napoleon Kid Gloves, also 98 dozen of the

"WESTSIDE GLOVE."

This beautiful Maltese X glove is fully guaranteed and sold at regular price, viz: $1.25 for four-and $1.50 for six-button. Mousquetaire Suede in Evening and Tan shades only, from four to sixteen button length.

Pure silk mitts and gloves in good assortment. Taffeta and Lisle in great variety.

HOSIERY.

Ladies' Silk and span silk, Lisle Thread, Balbriggan, Cashmere, etc. In these goods we handle J. & R. Morley's best makes.

WOOLS

16 ounces to the lb. Berlin, Saxony and Beehive, all at 10c. per oz.

SILKS AND DRESS GOODS.

Bonnets, Velvet Francaise, and Lyons Cashmere, Merveilleux, Moire, Satin Lenox, Liberty, and Forges Silks. A superb line of beautiful goods, extra good value.

About 200 FRENCH DRESS PATTERNS, (no two alike), all shades and designs, manufactured for and strictly confined to ourselves. We believe these to be the very choicest goods that will be exhibited in Victoria this Spring.

Henriettas, Cashmeres, and Cashmere de Inde, noted for fineness of finish, durability of wear, and brilliancy of dye.

CHALLIS, PERCALINES, AND CHAMBREYS,

IN GREAT VARIETY,

With colored Embroidery to match.

Mourning Materials & Crapes

A SPECIALTY.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

MISS HUND, of London, England, and late of W. A. Murray & Co.'s, Toronto, has charge of our Dressmaking department.

Estimates given and price of garment fixed when order is taken.

JACKETS, MANTLES, JERSEYS,

Dolmanettes, Blouses, &c.

—ALSO—

Jacketing and Mantle Cloths,

In new Patterns and Shades.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

70 Government Street,
VICTORIA.

April 4th, 1890.

W. DALBY. C. G. BALLENTYNE. FRED. J. CLAXTON.

"The Real Estate Exchange."

Dalby, Ballentyne & Claxton

64 Yates Street, Victoria.

If you want a choice piece of property for business, residential or speculative purposes,

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR LISTS.

We have on hand some of the choicest Acre Property in the Victoria District, at low prices and easy terms.

House and Lot,	Fernwood Road
Acre Property,	Fernwood Estate
" "	Esquimalt Road
4 Lots,	Cook Street
2 Lots, Block D,	Rock Bay
3 Lots,	Gorge Road
Acre Property,	Oak Bay Avenue
" "	Cedar Hill Road

We have some good water front lots and acre property in Port Angeles that can be had very cheaply. Call and see our list and prices.

We will sell you a lot and loan you the money to build a house upon it.

DALBY, BALLENTYNE & CLAXTON.

WORTH KNOWING, WHERE TO BUY CHEAPEST.

W. & J. WILSON

Are selling their splendid new stock of

SUITS, OVERCOATS, HATS, UNDERWEAR,

WATERPROOFS AND BOYS' CLOTHING, ETC.,

AT BEDROCK PRICES.

SEED OATS.

A LIMITED QUANTITY

For Sale by

BRACKMAN & KER,

125 Gov't Street.

NOTICE TO GAS CONSUMERS.

GAS WILL BE SUPPLIED TO GAS Engines, Gas Stoves and high-power Gas Lamps for outside use at $1.25 per thousand feet.

High power Gas Lamps of 300 candle power and upwards will be supplied at a moderate rental.

For further particulars apply at the company's office, Langley street.

C. W. R. THOMSON,
Sec'y Victoria Gas Co., Limited.

Patronize Home Manufacture.

Field and Lawn Rollers,
Garden Wheelbarrows,
THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Just received, a fine assortment of the best Drill Steel, cheap.

Rollers and Drills for Hire at

ONTARIO WAGON SHOP,
William Powell.

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE, REAL ESTATE BROKERS.

TIMES' ARM CHAIR

THE RESULT OF THE FIRST WEEK'S VOTING.

Only a Few More Days Left to Elect Your Favorite.

3195 BALLOTS CAST UP TO 12 O'CLOCK TO-DAY.

STANDING AT NOON TO-DAY:

Rev. Percival Jenns	879
Bishop Lemmens	697
Rev. D. Fraser	568
Rev. W. Pollard	479
Bishop Cridge	205
Rev. A. Beanlands	130
Rev. P. McF. McLeod	48
Archdeacon Scriven	44
Rev. Dr. Reid	35
Bishop Hills	32
Rev. L. M. Rugg	29
Rev. J. E. Starr	22
Rev. W. W. Baer	11
Rev. W. G. H. Ellison	3
Rev. Father Nicolaye	1
Rev. Jno. W. Green	1
Rev. Mr. Kingham	1

The conditions of the contest, and the coupon for voting will be found on another page.

Early next week, the day on which the polls will be closed will be announced. Vote early and often if you wish your pastor to have this beautiful gift.

[NOTE.—Bishop Lemmens, while not objecting to the competition on moral grounds, has requested his friends not to vote for him. Of course all ballots received must be counted, as we do not feel that we have any right to suppress votes that have been tendered.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—Mrs Lough, Mrs Russell, Mrs White, J Wrigleworth, D E Brown, T Pitcher, F Wilson, R H Leonard, G Bird, C H Biers, A Harvey, W A Dodge, D T Thompson, Mrs Hunter, Charles Russell, Miss Mann, F H Osgood, P Kelly, Mrs Wilson, L S White, M Yuen, Miss Dupont, J A Rumford, C J Gibson, Lizzie Thornton, A A Hodnett, Richard Hall, A L White, M P Appleby, Capt P Odin, H H Bearborn, A Wilson, Ed Barber, M Brennan, E Swart, E A Parsons, R H Powers, Annie T Thornton, O Jackson.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound Mrs Kerr, Allare, S C Kirk, C F Murphy, W H Quinn, G W Biggar, W G Keene, J Jackson, J A Stephens, J Caskey and wife, C Kipke, E L Weston, D Burke, G Turrevil, C Landon, J R Russell, W H Daly, H Boyle, C W Sedgwick and wife, P E Gervauld, J T Williams, T G Christmas, D F Donaldson, Mrs Smith, R H Brierley and wife, F Wheeler, W H Wittebsy, Mrs Morrison.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—Cowan, Shaw & Co, Rev A E Green, Ellis & Co Geo Powell & Co, H Clay, Van Volkenburgh, W Croft, J Gomell, R B McMicking, J H Todd & Son, Boucherat & Co, Hudson Bay Co, Lansley & Co, H Maxell, H Gribble, R A Jamieson A B Gray & Co, H Wilson, Jas Daley, Richardson H & Jones, J C Devlin, W F Bullen, Chas Strouss, H Leperrie.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound M R Smith, D E Campbell, Thos Earle, P McQuade.

CAN BE IMPORTED.

Arrangements Easily Made for the Visiting Sound Wheelmen.

At the meeting of the athletic committee of the Queen's birthday celebration, held at the City Hall last evening, the matter of visiting bicyclists came up, and it was mentioned that the customs authorities might place such restrictions in the way of the wheelmen that it would be impossible for members of the Seattle, Tacoma, and other Sound cities to visit here with their machines. Collector Young was to-day spoken to concerning the matter, and he says that no unnecessary restrictions will be made, the only thing that will have to be done will be to take the makers' numbers of the wheels, and for some reliable citizen to guarantee together with the owner, that the machine will not be sold while here. The matter is one of very easy adjustment, and Mr. Young will meet in a spirit of fairness all efforts to make the celebration a success as far as the bringing in of machines from the States is concerned, he being desirous not to throw any obstacles in the way, but at the same time in his official capacity certain regulations must be observed.

CORONER'S INQUEST.

A Verdict of "Found Drowned" Returned This Afternoon.

An inquest into the manner of the death of Thos. Christie, who was found in the water off Finlayson's Point last evening, was held in the office of the Sergeant of the Provincial Police by Coroner Morrison this afternoon.

Evidence was taken which went to show that the deceased was a steady and sober man, who had been living in the city for some eleven years and had accumulated some property. He was at one time section boss on the E. & N. R. R., but latterly had been out of employment. He was last seen alive yesterday afternoon, but was found dead in the water near the shore at Finlayson's Point in the evening by Mr. Hindman, who had previously found a hat and coat on the beach, a short distance from the water. The police were notified, and took charge of the body. In the deceased's effects were found letters and papers showing that his name was Thos. Christie, and that he was a single man. The jury, composed of Messrs. Williams, Snather, Begg, Batchelor, Kirsberg and Jenkins, returned a verdict of "Found drowned."

The finest tobacco that money can procure is rolled in Sweet Caporals.

A few travelling and breeding canary cages at McLennan & McFeely's, 70 Yates street. *

The ladies of Victoria will find it to their interest to examine my stock of white linen before purchasing elsewhere Stamping done. Mrs. Hendry, 77 View street. *

BRIEF LOCALS.

The Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

Cleveland's Minstrels will go up to Nanaimo on Monday on a special train.

A trusty is engaged at the police court cells in clearing away a vast heap of rubbish, much to the improvement of the place.

The Nanaimo Free Press complains of a scarcity of female help there, and predicts the return to Chinese labor unless relief is obtained.

A tramp rode from this city to Nanaimo on the springs underneath a car, and when he alighted at Nanaimo the spectators were dumbfounded.

The Commercial block in Nanaimo narrowly escaped destruction by fire yesterday morning. Quick work of the fire department stayed the flames.

The funeral of the late W. E. Bull, which took place yesterday afternoon, was very largely attended by friends, and many pretty floral contributions were laid on the coffin.

A solid stone foundation and retaining wall is being built at the power house of the electric street railway. The work of blasting out the foundation is being carried briskly forward.

The Oddfellows celebrated their 70th anniversary last night by a social dance, numerously attended. Good music and refreshments were conducive to the enjoyment. Miss O'Neill and Messrs. J. Davies and Cox were the floor managers, and performed the task to perfection.

A team of horses belonging to the Transfer Co., and attached to a lumber wagon, ran away to-day on Yates street. They pulled up opposite THE TIMES office, without doing any damage. A little more care in handling horses on the streets would be conducive to public safety.

The Japanese who was stabbed at Seattle last week, and who came over to Victoria to keep from giving evidence against his assailant, has been taken back by a detective, and will be made to testify. Matsada, the wrestler, was largely instrumental in getting the man to return.

An item in a Port Townsend paper says, that the police of that city have now got three prisoners in the city jail, and as soon as three more are secured a chaingang will be started. While this state of affairs obtains, crooks would do well to keep clear of Port Townsend.

ASSEMBLY NOTES.

The Sergeant-at-Arms is Surprised—Dismantling the House.

This morning, after the prorogation ceremony, Mr. Sam Gray, sergeant-at-arms, chief messenger of the House, etc., was called into the press gallery, where he was presented with a box of choice Havannas in recognition of his many good services to the reporters who had been doing the work of the session. The cover of the box bore the suitable inscription:

FOR A GOOD BOY,
ALIAS SAM,
WITH THE COMPLIMENTS OF
THE REPORTERS.

The work of the session being over, the process of dismantling was proceeded with this afternoon and before long the bright little assembly room was scarcely recognizable. Mine host of the New England was gone and the restaurant looked as bare as Mother Hubbard's proverbial cupboard. Speaking of the restaurant, there has been many a tired member during the Session who has had reason to thank Mr. L. Young for a refreshing cup of coffee. If there is a caterer in the world who knows how to put up a palatable lunch, fit for a member of Parliament or any one else, it is he.

"Erminie" Next Monday.

The Victoria Amateur Operatic Society's admirable company of amateur artists will render "Erminie" at the Victoria Theatre on Monday and Tuesday nights next, in aid of the B. C. Benevolent Society. The costumes are of the most beautiful description, while the music is such that it has stood the test of wear and tear for several years all over the world, and is more popular than ever. Prof. Pferidner has been diligent in perfecting the score, and Prof. Adderley has the staging and groupings down to a fine point. The whole affair promises to be a treat for a worthy object and is deserving of a crowded house.

"Severest Classical Music."

Grip, in "Our Kritical Kolumn," thus discourses on the "severest classical music" which comes pretty near hitting the nail on the head. Von Bulow played the piano as well as that instrument can be played by mortal man, and yet there was an unmistakable air of dreariness over the audience. Can it be possible, after all, that our passion for the severest classical music is a humbug, and that, notwithstanding our decollete dresses and white ties, we would really have liked a few bars of Sullivan here and there in the programme? This is a startling and even horrifying suggestion, we are aware, and yet—well, that's the way it struck us. The shadow of pain upon some of the fair faces as the audience moved out, re-called to mind the latest Wagner story. "Vell, an how haf you enchoy it dis efening?" enquired the Professor of the New York society belle, as they left the opera house after Parsifal. "Oh, I think I'm beginning to really appreciate it," was the answer, "my head ached awfully to-night, don't you know!"

Cause of popularity of Sweet Caporals is a combination of excellence.

There is no such stove polish as the "Nonesuch." Only 20 cents per bottle. Ask your grocer for it, or at Geo. Phillips', No. 152 Government street. *

Before putting your stoves and pipes away, coat them with Stove Varnish to prevent rusting. Sold by McLennan & McFeely. *

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Thermometer at Kellogg's.

Average temperature to-day.....60°

Queen's Birthday Celebration.

A meeting of the general committee will be held at the City Hall on Monday evening at 8 p. m. to receive reports &c.

Police Notes.

In the police court this morning two women and two men were fined $5 each for being drunk.

Theophilus Berry, charged with the larceny of goods from Mr. Isaacs' store, was remanded until Monday.

The Penelope Arrives.

The sealing schooner Penelope, Capt. Folger, arrived from her southern cruise this morning. She brings 147 skins as the result of the trip. All are well aboard, but a rough time was had, the weather being very severe. She will will fit out for the north at once.

Prize Winners.

At Prof. Oliver's dancing academy last evening a social dance was given, and prizes were offered for the best lady and gentleman dancer. Mr. W. Deasy and Miss M. A. Deasy carried off the prizes, their style and perfect time in glide waltz being of the best, and showing the poetry of motion to perfection.

Change of Time Table.

Commencing on Thursday next, May 1st, a new time table over the Island Railway will go into effect. The train from here for Nanaimo will leave the depot at 8 o'clock in the morning, reaching Nanaimo at 11:50 a. m. The down train will leave Nanaimo a 8:34 a. m., arriving here at 12:24 p. m.

Coroner Appointed.

This morning Richard Morrison, M. D., was appointed coroner, vice Dr. Jackson, deceased, for Victoria and Esquimalt, and at noon was duly sworn in by Chief Justice Bagble. The first inquest held by the new officer was the one on the body of Thomas Christie, who was found dead in the surf off Finlayson's Point last evening.

Street Sprinkler.

The street sprinkler was brought into service this morning for the first time this morning, Sanitary Officer Bailey having been directed to get the machine to work, which he did after considerable bother, owing to the length of time it has been out of commission. The work done was greatly appreciated by citizens who had business on the principal streets.

A. O. U. W.

Grand Master Stephens of the British Columbia, Oregon and Washington lodges of the A. O. U. W., arrived in the city last evening by the Kingston, and was received by delegates from local lodges. To-day he was shown over Victoria by Supt. Sheppard, a brother Workman, and to-night will have a social chat with the members of the order at Foresters Hall.

Six Inches of Ground.

A case is being heard in the Supreme Court involving the ownership of a strip of land of considerable length and six inches in width. On this six inches is a brick wall of great thickness which cannot be very well removed, nor yet will the owner agree to let the other party use it as a wall to his proposed new building. The court has ordered a proper survey to be made to discover who owns the strip.

Williams' Directories.

A directory for the cities of Vancouver and Nanaimo has just been published by R. T. Williams, and an edition of 2,000 printed by Trythall at the City Printing Works, Vancouver. The compilation has been done by Mr. T. Draper of this city, and the work has evidently received care. Beside the regular directory information, a good many useful facts are embodied, and the publication is in every way a credit to those who were concerned in its get up.

When It Rains It Pours.

Hon. D. W. Higgins, Speaker of the House, must have sought his pillow last night with a deep sense of satisfaction. During the day he had received encomiums from his political friends and foes upon the just and impartial manner in which he had discharged his duties as Speaker. This praise must have been a source of satisfaction, and Mr. Speaker could be excused for feeling pardonably proud of the honors showered so thick upon him. What was more calculated to make last night's sleep pleasant was the fact that several lots of land at Port Angeles which had been purchased by Mr. Higgins "before the boom;" were sold yesterday at an advance calculated to considerably swell the bank account of the seller.

New Building Society.

In response to Mr. Jas. A. Cohen's call for those desirous of forming a new building society, about forty persons assembled last evening for that object. Mr. Folk was elected chairman and Mr. B. Williams, secretary, pro tem. Mr. Cohen gave an outline of the working of similar associations in England and in the States, and the memorands of association were then read and the share list opened. It was signed by about twenty of those present. Messrs. Jas. Fell, R. Erskine and Jno. Leonard were appointed provisional trustees, with instructions to proceed with the work of incorporation. Mr. B. Williams was elected secretary until next election. The share list was ordered to be kept open for those wishing to join, at the office of Flint & Williams, 30 Fort street. Messrs. James Fell, R. Erskine, Jno. Leonard, Jas. A. Cohen and A. St. G. Flint were appointed a committee on by-laws. The name of the association is to be "The Queen City Building, Loan and Investment Society."

The newest and most fashionable stock of millinery, jackets, mantles, jerseys, etc., etc., Stevens & Jenkins, 111 Douglas street. Good dressmakers wanted *

A cheap luxury—Sweet Caporals.

Baby carriages of latest styles just received by John Weller, 51 to 55 Fort street. *

MEETING OF ENGLISHMEN.

The Proposed New Lodge, Order of the Sons of St. George.

The attention of the English residents of this city is called to a notice in the TIMES, notifying them of a meeting on Broad street on Monday evening, for the purpose of organizing a Lodge of the Order, Sons of St. George. This will be the first lodge organized in British Columbia, although the Order is an old institution in the United States and is the strongest Order in existence, composed of one nationality and organized for purposes alike beneficial to its members and the country in which it is fostered.

It is beneficial and social in character, paying a weekly benefit in case of sickness and finding physician and medicine also. One great characteristic of the order is the harmony of its meetings, songs, recitations, etc., being given, and everyone expected to contribute to the harmony of the meetings, which are held weekly. This insures a large attendance and greater interest in the proceedings.

The Order has a membership in the United States of over 25,000. Three thousand of this number are located on this coast. It paid out last year the sum of $65,000 as benefits, and had invested over $200,000. Lodges have been organized during the last three weeks at Tacoma, Seattle and Port Townsend, and it is proposed to organize a strong lodge here.

AND THE BELL TOLLED.

But Not in Memory of a Dying Government—Four Strokes.

At eleven o'clock this morning, just as the Local Legislature was being prorogued, the big fire bell in the Tiger Hall was tolling with a solemn clang. It was suggested that the mournful sound was fully in sympathy with a dying Government, and it was strange, but true, that the strokes of the bell would number four, and then stop, very suggestive indeed of the Quintette Club whose hours of power were rapidly passing away.

Although the strokes of the bell were significant of a mournful occasion, and happened at a time when such significance was most noticeable, the facts are that no intention of tolling out the Government was intended, but the bell was only being struck while Mr. McMicking, the electrician, was adjusting it so that the numbers of the boxes might be struck properly. That was all.

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

Mrs. D. Praeger is in the city, visiting friends.

Mr. G. W. Grant, architect, of New Westminster, is in the city.

D. E. Brown, of the C. P. R., came over from Vancouver last night.

Mr. Robert Bonson and bride, of New Westminster, returned home yesterday.

Jos. Mason, M.P.P., wearied with the present session, returned home this morning.

Joseph Loewen has improved wonderfully, and is now pronounced on the way to complete recovery.

G. V. Holt, Esq., C. H. Bonnor, Esq., and M. Lamont, Esq., all of the Bank of B. C., are at Roccabella.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Cavin will celebrate their silver wedding this evening at their residence by a select social party.

W. C. Haywood, the real estate dealer, left Portland yesterday for Victoria, and is one of the passengers on the Kingston this evening.

Rev. P. McF. McLeod will go up to Nanaimo on Monday, for the purpose of moderating in a call to a minister for the Presbyterian church there.

Mrs. J. A. Cooper and Miss Grace Cooper, mother and sister to Geo. A. Cooper, are among the passengers to arrive by the Kingston this evening.

J. Cashley, of Seattle, and bride, nee Miss Annie Penketh, formerly of this city, are in the city, spending their honeymoon. Miss Penketh was once upon a time a compositor in the TIMES office, and did not forget to call upon her old friends to-day. The young couple will leave for home on the City of Kingston to-morrow night.

NINE HOURS A DAY.

Building Trades to Celebrate the New Order of Things.

Some months ago the bricklayers, masons, carpenters, tinners and others concerned in the building trade made arrangements towards a working day of nine hours. Most of the contractors met the men in a spirit of fairness, and the change to nine hours has been found to be a good thing for all concerned.

The workmen are now determined to celebrate the nine hour day by a reunion and banquet to be given by the united trades of Victoria at their hall, Spencer's Arcade, on the evening of the first of May. Mayor Grant will take the chair, and a good time may be expected. All workmen and others interested in the nine hour movement are invited.

Fence Posts.

Split cedar fence posts for sale. Apply to A. C. Howe, corner of Discovery and Government streets or to Scotch Bakery Douglas street.

A WISE SUGGESTION.

A wealthy London merchant gives the secret of his business success as follows: "I always feel happy when I am advertising; for then I know that, waking or sleeping, I have a strong though silent orator working for me; one who never tires, never makes mistakes, and who is certain to enter the households from which, if at all, my trade must come." To secure the services of such an agent as this shrewd merchant referred to, advertise in the TIMES. It is read by everybody in Victoria.

Close at One O'clock.

All the real estate offices of the city closed at one o'clock this afternoon, and in the future, during the summer months at least, that hour will be observed as the time for closing up on Saturdays.

Stole the Wash.

Some midnight thieves entered the yard of Mr. G. Beckingham's house on North Park street the other night and stole from the line the week's wash which had been left out to dry. No trace of the thieves or the clothes has since been found.

Tupsy Turvey.

On another page there will be found chapters of a new story, by that remarkable author, Jules Verne. It will appear once or twice a week until concluded. Lovers of fiction will find it interesting and startling, like all of Verne's works.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—U. S. Government Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Pennock & Clayton,
Pennock & Clayton,
Leading Manufacturing Jewelers,
Leading Manufacturing Jewelers,
British Columbia,
British Columbia,
47 Government street, Victoria.
47 Government street, Victoria.

DIED.

KARS—In this city, on the 24th instant, Mrs. Frances Kars, aged 80 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. O. F.

MEMBERS of COURTS VANCOUVER and Northern Light are requested to meet at Foresters' Hall on Sunday, April 27th, at 2 p. m., sharp, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother M. Gibson, of Court Pacific, Vancouver. Sojourning brethren are also invited.

By the order of the Chief Rangers of Courts 5795 and 5935. ap26 it

ENGLISHMEN, ATTENTION.

ENGLISHMEN, THEIR SONS OR GRANDSONS, are cordially invited to attend a meeting to organize a Lodge of the Order "SONS OF ST. GEORGE." Meeting on Monday evening, the 28th, at 8 o'clock, in Wallace Society's hall, 22 Broad street, between Yates and Fort streets. CHAS. WILLIAMS, ap25-3i P.G.P.

GEORGE BYRNES, AUCTIONEER.

AUCTION

FURNITURE, HORSES, ETC.

Tuesday, April 29, 11 A.M.

I have been instructed by A. VIDLER, Esq. to sell by Auction at his residence, Dallas Road, all his Household Furniture, etc., etc.

A Grand Piano, by Broadwood; guitar, flageolet, lot of music, music stand, Brussels carpet, easy chairs, cherry table, lambrequin, rugs, hanging lamps, tea table, ornaments, blinds, Indian curtains and poles, side board, table, sofa, barometer, glassware, crockery.

Several fine oil paintings of British Columbian scenery: Vancouver Narrows, taking in the old steamer Beaver, Nanaimo, Victoria, Pitt Lake and various parts of the coast.

A traveller's instantaneous photographic machine, table, chair, and other easels, a lot of oil painting material, double barrel shot gun and ammunition, barometer, eight bound volumes of the Graphic, Pictorial Europe, side saddle, gentleman's saddle, bridles, bits, spurs, fishing rods and basket, polo stick, mink and bear traps.

Three bedroom suites, mattresses, toilet sets, blankets, pillows, wardrobe, blinds, carpets.

A Model range with hot water pipes and 40-gallon boiler, tinware, crockery, meat safe, lot lamps, tubs, lot tools, axes, large iron water tank, garden and stable tools, etc., etc.

Also three quiet Horses, two will go in harness and one for Saddle.

—ALSO—

A fine centre-board shooting and fishing yacht. She has been well proved as a good safe and seaworthy craft, also an 18 foot centre-board skiff.

G. BYRNES,
ap25 Auctioneer.

DRESSMAKING

THE LATEST STYLES IN DRESSMAKING done by Mrs. Willis, over the City Houses, Government street. Good work, perfect fit and prices moderate. First class help kept, and no apprentices to spoil work. ap24-1m

RALPH SALMON.

DECEASED, INTESTATE.

ANY PERSONS HAVING ANY claims against the above estate are requested to send the same at once to the undersigned as the estate will be distributed on the 15th day of May, 1890. All claims not sent in by that date will be barred.

JAMES C. PREVOST,
Administrator.
Dated, 24th April, 1890. ap24-td

I.O.O.F. CELEBRATION

THE 70TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE Order of Odd Fellows will be held at their hall, Douglas street, on Friday, April 25, 1890, by a

SOCIAL DANCE.

Tickets to be had of the following committee: W. H. Flewin, W. R. Holmes, A. J. Dey, G. H. Barnard, F. Dempster, J. Davies, G. Jeeves, Jas. Martin; Sisters—Mrs. Walker, Miss J. Carse, Miss S. Neill. ap22td

SIX

SIX SOUND REASONS

WHY YOU SHOULD

TRADE WITH US:

ONE FOR EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK that our store is open.

MONDAY.
You want to Save Time, and we can suit you without the loss of a minute.

TUESDAY.
You want to save money; we can help you there

WEDNESDAY.
You want something extra good; it's here.

THURSDAY.
Can't leave the house, and want to send the child where he'll get treated right.

FRIDAY.
You want a lucky purchase to counterbalance the evil day. Bargains always here.

SATURDAY.
You want to feel good all day Sunday and that brings you to us.

Alpaca COATS.
Boys' CLOTHING.
Calico SHIRTS.
Dusters, LINEN.
Elastic BELTS.
Flannel SHIRTS.
GURNSEYS.
HATS, all kinds.
Jean PANTS.
Kid GLOVES.
Laced SHIRTS.
Men's CLOTHING.
NECKWEAR.
OVERCOATS, spring.
PANTS, all kinds.
QUILTS.
Regatta SHIRTS.
Straw HATS.
TOWELS.
UNDERWEAR.
VALISES.
White SHIRTS.
In endless variety at
CAMERON'S cash store,
55 Johnson street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase an island situate at the south of the entrance of Works Channel, Coast District, Township 1, Range 5, containing 100 acres, more or less. Also two small adjacent islands, containing one acre, more or less.

A. E. GREEN.
Port Simpson, April 7th, 1890. ap22

MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL EXAMINATION OF British Columbia Medical Council will be held in the city of Victoria on the 6th day of May next. Full information by applying to

G. L. MILNE,
ap23-1m Registrar and Secretary.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

Monday and Tuesday Evenings,

The 28th and 29th April.

2 GRAND PERFORMANCES 2

Of the highly successful Comic Opera,

ERMINIE,

In aid of the

B. C. BENEVOLENT SOC'Y

LARGE CHORUS OF 50 VOICES.

FULL ORCHESTRA.

Elegant Costumes and Appointments, Made in San Francisco expressly for this production.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:

Parquette, $1.00; Dress Circle, $1.00; Gallery, 50 cents.

TICKETS are now on sale, and can be obtained from any member of the Committee of the Benevolent Society; or at the leading stores. Reserve seats at Lombard's Music Store on and after Monday, the 21st instant. ap18-10t

FONTHILL NURSERIES

Located in Welland County, Ont.

LARGEST IN THE DOMINION.

Over 300 Acres.

WYMAN CLARK, Business Manager for British Columbia.

Our Stock will be found to embrace all the choice and hardy varieties of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Small Fruits, Roses and Shrubs, and many other specialties we also control.

GOOD VALUE AT HOME. Room 30, Pemberton Block, corner Yates and Broad streets, Victoria, B. C.

MORE GOOD SALESMEN WANTED. ap23-1w

A. O. U. W.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE members of this order is called for Saturday, the 26th inst., at 8 p.m., at the Lodge Room, of Ledge No. 19, Government street, to meet Grand Master S. A. Stephens, when a full attendance is requested.

W. H. MASON,
M. W. No. 19.
R. SEABROOK,
M. W. No. 17.
ap22td

CARD.

MRS. CHUDLEY BEGS TO THANK those ladies who have an Khaki Volunteer to donate bedding, etc., for the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital, and will be happy to receive at her residence any further gifts of a similar nature for the same institution, up to the 3rd day of May.

Corner of Belleville and Oswego streets, James Bay, Victoria. ap24-1w